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LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

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CLUB PRICES—IN ADVANCE.—Weekly—1 copy $2; 10 copies or more $1 50 each.

Papers sent by mail are payable in advance.

Subscriptions by mail, to periodicals issued at our risk.

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One square, (nonpareil) weekly, per annum 40 00
Do. 6 times per week, per annum 60 00
Do. Bulletin do. do. 10 00
Each additional square, one-half the above prices.
Advertisements published at intervals—$1 for first insertion and 75 cents for each subsequent one.
Announcing any new patent medicine, theatrical, circus or similar advertising, not published by the year.
Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and such like, half price.
Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, to be charged for at the rate usually inserted at the discretion of the editors.
No communication will be inserted unless accompanied by the real name of the author.
Steamboat advertisements—$3 cents for first insertion and 12½ cents for each continuance; each change considered a new advertisement. Standing advertisements for regular packets for a season of not less than six months, $45 for one boat and $5 for each additional boat.
Advertisements inserted only in the Evening Bulletin will be charged half the above prices. If inserted in Daily Journal and continued, after first insertion, in the Evening Bulletin, one-half the above prices.
Advertisements kept on the inside of the Journal are charged at extra prices.
ADVERTISING RATES—IN WEEKLY JOURNAL.—Each square (10 lines or less), first insertion $1 00
Each continuance 50
Written notice must be given to take out and stop advertisements of yearly advertisers before the year expires. Hereby we shall charge till stopped.
No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice, nor will any change be made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING SOLD HIS STOCK IN TRADE TO

WM. C. SWEET & CO.,

would respectfully recommend them to his old friends and customers as worthy and willing of their confidence and patronage. JAMES SMALL

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING TAKEN the old stand of JAMES SMALL would invite the attention of his old friends and customers to their

CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS & SHOES!

We shall keep on hand at all times, in addition to Goods of Our Own Manufacture,

A LARGE STOCK of

Eastern, New York City, and Philadelphia made WORK,

which we shall sell at prices LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

WM. C. SWEET
CASH BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,
No. 457 Market st.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WISHING TO CLOSE OUT the old stock of goods purchased of Mr. Small will sell the same

At Cost!

UNTIL THEY ARE ALL DISPOSED OF.

WM. C. SWEET & CO.,
(Successors to James Small).
457 MARKET STREET.

STEAMER ROBERT J. WARD FOR SALE.

THIS well known STEAMER, now at the shipyard, is for sale. She was ordered and built for the Ward line, and is 2 decks and one cabin above the main deck. The Hull was thoroughly decked last winter, and is not for inspection for 2 years, and comfort, is not surpassed by any steamer on the Western rivers.

For further particulars, apply to

SHIERLEY, BELL, & CO.
au 4 tu

STREET RAILS.

WOOD, MORRELL, & CO.,
JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENN.,

ARE prepared to furnish STREET RAILS at short notice.

WM. H. HORSTMANN & SONS,
FIFTH & CHERRY streets, *adjoining the Factory*, PHILADELPHIA,
Manufacturers of every description

Ladies' Dress, Cloak, & Mantilla Trimmings,

HAVE now opened for examination a large and well assorted stock of ladies' dress trimmings, to which they invite the attention of wholesale and southern purchasers. Having extensive facilities in manufacturing, and paying particular attention to the Eastern Market, we are enabled to offer great inducements.

☞ Stock comprises Worsted and sheath and Wool, in all colors and all sizes, from 1 to 8 inches wide; Velvet and Plush Bindings and Braids; Worsted Embroidered SIDE, EPAULETTE AND SKIRTS.

Orders executed for fabrics to our pattern.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

OF THE BEST QUALITY, CHEAP AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY

ALSOP, BEACH, & CO.,
Jy20 d3m New Albany, Indiana.

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT

FROM THE

VIEILLE MONTAGNE COMPANY

OF PARIS.

THIS Paint is adapted to all purposes to which the best lead is usually applicable. It does not turn yellow, as lead invariably does, and will acquire the hardness and smoothness of Copal paint after the drying of varnish, but is not liable to crack. Can be mixed in the same boiled oil or turpentine as lead, and will cover as much surface, with the same body, as the best ground lead—thus making a great economy as well as luxury.

We also call the attention of the trade to the fact that parties may depend upon getting the article strictly pure; they also dislike the idea of handling the most poisonous substances. The Company ship but two qualities, known as No. 1 and No. 2. No. 1 is used by the Company in their own factories. The No. 1 or Red Seal is the kind we most used for painting ourselves. The price is 10 cents per pound Net, Red Seal being only used for the most superior work.

JOSEPH M. STRING, Agent for the Co.

Orders addressed to either the following houses or left at the office of the new reduced tariff of prices, either by letter or in person, will receive prompt attention.

HALL & CORNELL,
152 Maiden Lane, New York.
RAYNOLDS, DEVOE, & PRATT,
18 and 120 Fulton street, New York.

au 4 2m

STATEMENT

Of the Condition of the Montauk Fire Insurance Company on the 1st day of July, 1859, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

FIRST—NAME AND LOCATION

The name of the Company is the Montauk Fire Insurance Company, and it is located at Brooklyn, New York.

SECOND.—CAPITAL.

The amount of its capital stock is $150,000
The amount of its capital stock paid in 150,000

THIRD—ASSETS.

1. Cash on hand		$7,151 26
2. Real estate unincumbered		None.
3. Loans for the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered real estate worth—per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule accompanying		149,300 00
Interest on bonds and mortgage and temporary loans		1,264 87
4. Loans due the Company, otherwise secured, per vouchers accompanying		36,200 00
5. Loans due the Company on call		2,062 11
6. The bonds and stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—Bonds secured, and the rate of interest thereon—to wit:		None.
Total assets of the Company		$195,980 28

No. 296—RENEWAL. AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., 27th July, 1859.

This is to certify that the Montauk Fire Insurance Company of New York, at Louisville, Jefferson county, has filed in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts required by the provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856, and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said John Muir, as agent aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Louisville, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my hand, the day and year above written.

SEAL

THOS. S. PAGE, Auditor.

JOHN MUIR, Agent.

NEW CARPET AND *Housefurnishig S! ore.*

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

79 Fourth street,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON

HAVE now open the most complete and best assorted Stock ever exhibited in any establishment in the West, adapted both to wholesale and retail buyers, in all styles, grades, and prices of

CARPETING, CURTAINS,
DRUGGETTS, SHADES,
LEVIS MATS, CORNICES,
BOOKINGS, BANDS,
STAIR RODS, GIMPS,
TABLE CLOTHS, TASSELS,

and keep on hand and make to order

Tarpaulins, Flags, Comforts, Sheets, Slips, &c., &c., &c., &c.

and make and fit

Carpets, Curtains, Shades, &c.,

at short notice and in the best manner.

☞ Call and examine our stock before making your purchases. MARSHALL & DICKINSON.

Grass Seeds! Grass Seeds!! Crop 1859

1,000 BUSHELS pure Timothy Seed;
2,000 bushels Ky. Blue grass do;
500 bushels Ky. Orchard Grass Seed;
1,000 do Herds' Grass or Redtop Seed.
Also, Red Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, &c., &c.
PETER L. CHAHAN,
Jy28 Louisville, Ky.

To Millers, Produce Merchants, and Grain Dealers.

THE subscriber offers his services to the Produce Dealers in Louisville for purchasing all kinds of Grain and Country Produce, and will keep a competent clerk at his store, to feels assured that he can give satisfaction to all who may employ him.

He will act as agent for the purpose of having Grain and Produce in the counties of Franklin, Woodford, Scott, Fayette, and adjoining counties.

☞ Refers to Gov. C. S. Morehead and Col. A. G. Hodges, Frankfort; Dr. W. S. Gano and H. R. Campbell, Georgetown.

Address WILLIS HODGES,
Jy28 d2w Frankfort, Ky.

Boilers for Sale!

ONE 28 feet long and one 30 feet long—both have been but three and are 42 inches in diameter.

Jy19 d1f CORNWALL & BROTHER

SUNBIRDS.—

50 packages Gunpowder Teas;
50 do Extra Virginia, Kentucky, and Mo. Tobacco;
50 do do Cable Cut Chewing;
25 do cases fine Cavendish;
50 Bolton Twines;
100 bale Batting;
150 K. Cut, Pressed and Lighted Seamless Bags;
150 rolls Cotton, Grass, and Jute Rope;
50 bbls Cider Vinegar;
200,000 G. H. Cigars;
250 pounds Bar Lead;
100 dozen Buckets;
75 dozen Axes and Hatchets;
15 dozen Cedar Churns;
50 do brass bound Cedar Buckets;
25 bbls Tar;
500 do Salt. For sale by

WELLER & PARKER,
Jy14 d1f 58 & 5 Third street, near Main.

PIANO FORTES.

A. H. GALE & CO.

TAKE pleasure in inviting the attention generally to their NEW SCALE PIANO FORTES, which they have just received, and desire for a square Piano Forte that shall approach in tone to a Grand Piano in power and sweetness, at the same time, avoid the unmanly appearance of that three-cornered nuisance, and defiance of our energies to the production of such a deformation. Our new Pianos are made to support to the tension of *twelve tons*, which gives a fullness of tone, a brilliancy of touch, and a power of endurance, that will stand for years, and not get out of tune, or require repairing.

Our Pianos are also furnished to give entire satisfaction, whether ordered from us direct or sold by any of our agents throughout the country; and we submit the result of our long experience in the manufacture of the last twenty-five years.

For further particulars, apply to

A. H. GALE & CO.,
ad 4 m 107 East Fourth street, New York.

$1,000 REWARD.

THE Vesper Gas Fixtures have been very generally used in the market for two years, and without a single defect. No! Not one has ever been heard of. Notwithstanding the inventor of the Vesper Burner has had a standing reward of $5 000 for the proof of an explosion, no one has ever come forward to claim it. To set all doubt at rest in Kentucky, where the public have been so for only a few months, as to its entire safety, the undersigned offers the above reward to the first person who shall bring in proof of an explosion of the Vesper Fixtures when used as ordinary Fixtures.

Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who may buy the Vesper Fixtures. Any one having the appears in and after trial to not think so, should have the same removed at the expense of the undersigned.

Fixtures will be put up in the Louisville Hotel, Galt House, and Gibson House, and Southern Hotel.

W. H. SETTLE.

COLMAN'S LONDON MUSTARD.

THE attention of dealers and consumers is particularly called to the superior quality and flour prices of the above mustard, manufactured by J. & J. Colman, London, now the most extensive factory of the kind in Great Britain.

Four different qualities are manufactured, which are packed in boxes, canisters, tin foil, and bottles, and each package is warranted full weight. The 4, 6, and 10th tin canisters are especially adapted for the climate, as they effectually exclude dampness and air, thus preserving the flavor in all countries.

Imported and for sale, at wholesale, in New York, by

GARNER & OWSLEY, 167 Fulton street
J. HORSEYS SON, 84 Maiden Lane.

au 4 d&wsu

ADVANCES.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments to J. & PARNELL & BRO., New Orleans, by

BELL & MURDOCK.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Phœnix Fire Insurance Company,

ON the 1st day of JULY, 1859, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

First. NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of the Company is Phœnix Fire Insurance Company, and is located in the City of Brooklyn, State of New York.

Second. CAPITAL.

The amount of its capital stock is $200,000 00
The amount of its capital stock paid in 200,000 00

Third. ASSETS.

1. Cash on hand	$ 2,923 45	
2. Real estate unincumbered	2,963 63	
3. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered real estate worth—per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule accompanying		126,436 00
4. Debts due the Company, otherwise secured, per vouchers accompanying		64,082 50
5. Debts due the Company for premiums, viz: Fire $3,564 Marine $4,373		13,899 82
6. The bonds and stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to wit:		
1st. 50 shares Atlantic Ins. Co. stock	$4,000 00	
2d. 56 shares United Fire Ins. Co. stock	5,250 00	
Total	9,250 00	
7. All other securities, viz: Interest accrued but not due..	7,412 00	
Total assets of the Company		$226,047 15

No. 196.—Renewal.] AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., July 28, 1859.

This is to certify that John Muir, as Agent of the Phœnix Fire Insurance Company of New York, at Louisville, Jefferson county, has filed in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts required by the provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said John Muir, as agent aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Louisville, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my hand, the day and year above written.

SEAL

THOS. S. PAGE, Auditor.

JOHN MUIR, Agent.

SUGAR.—60 hhds prime New Orleans Sugar;
100 bbls Crushed and Powdered Sugar;
50 do Coffee do.

For sale by

CASTLEMAN & TIBBITT,
a30 Main street.

RED LEAD.—50 packages Blow's St. Louis superior Red Lead in store and for sale by

AND'W BUCHANAN & CO.

Superior Old Liquors.

10 QR PIPES P. H. Godard Brandy;
10 qr do A. C. Godard & Co. Brandy;
10 qr do Pinet & Co. do;
10 qr do Grand Dupuy & Co. do;
10 cases Dupuy Pommeau de Normandy Wine;
3 do Old London Particular do;
3 do Pandemain Old Port do;
3 do Pomeritz Sherry do;

The above Liquors are guaranteed to be as fine as any imported. For sale at the Old Bird House, 76 Fourth st., by

a31 J. P. THOMPSON.

CHINA MAGIC VARNISH

FOR removing Stains from and Polishing Furniture—a fine thing for Household purposes—for sale at

CHATFIELD & ROOT'S,
Great Variety store,
a31 101 Fourth street.

STEREOSCOPES PLATES!

AN elegant assortment at

CHATFIELD & ROOT'S
Great Variety store,
a31 101 Fourth street.

BIRD CAGES IN GREAT VARIETY,

For sale at

BIRD SEED,
CHATFIELD & ROOT'S
Great Variety store,
a31 101 Fourth street.

OPERA GLASSES to rent by the night and for sale at

CHATFIELD & ROOT'S
a21 Great Variety store, 101 Fourth st.

SPALDING'S LIQUID GLUE—a superior article.
DIAMOND CEMENT for Mending Broken China, &c. For sale at CHATFIELD & ROOT'S
Great Variety store,
a31 101 Fourth street.

CHAMPAGNE AND CLARET WINES.—

100 packages Champagne, consisting of Clicquot, Rubin, Bonny, Vernenay, La Perle and Associate Vernay.

76 boxes Claret for sale by

J. P. THOMPSON,
a31 No. 76 Fourth street.

Wanted,

PURE APPLE VINEGAR, which a fair price will be given

W. & H. BURKHARDT,
a30 417 Market street.

MOLASSES.—50 bbls prime Refined Molasses in store and for sale by

ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

RED LEAD.—50 barrels Blow's St. Louis superior Red Lead in store and for sale by

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2,000 bushels Ky. Blue grass do;
500 bushels Ky. Orchard Grass Seed;
1,000 do Herds' Grass or Redtop Seed.
Also, Red Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, &c., &c.
PETER L. CHAHAN,
Jy28 d&wsu Louisville, Ky.

1859! FALL STYLES! 1859!

PRATHER & SMITH

433 Main st.

WILL introduce to the public on Saturday next, August 20, 1859, their LOUISVILLE FALL STYLE OF DRESS HATS for 1859.

Also, New York and Paris styles, and Men's and Boys' new style Soft Hats and Plain and Fancy Caps. a19 d&b

MISCELLANEOUS.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Thomas Hite, &c., &c.,
vs
T. P. Lathbeem, &c., &c.'s.

IN obedience to a decree of the Nelson Circuit Court, rendered in the above cause at its last June term, I, as Commissioner, on Monday, the 5th of September, 1859, will expose to public sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, an undivided eight-thirty-fifths in two lodges and lots on the north side of Main street, and east of Bear Is reet, it being the second and third door east of said Fourth street and the same now occupied by J. H. Insell and George Weber. Terms—Sale at 10 o'clock A. M. The purchaser to execute bonds with approved security, payable in six, twelve, eighteen, and twenty-four months for equal parts of the purchase money; bonds to bear interest from day of sale. A lien will be retained on the interest sold to secure the purchase money.

J. G. WILSON,
Aug 22, 1859.—d22 did Comm'r.

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

On the European Plan,

CITY OF NEW YORK.

Single Rooms 50 Cents per Day.

City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort Street,
(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals as the may be ordered in the spacious Refectory. There is a Barber Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the House.

N. B.—Beware of Runners and Hackmen, who say we are sold.

R. FRENCH, Proprietor.

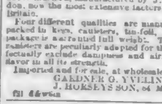
aug 24 d1y

Wanted,

TO PURCHASE, a Negro Girl, from 14 to 16 years old, or to hire for the balance of the year. Inquire of

JOSEPH A. GRAVES.
At Hauble Law Office, on Jefferson street,
al4 dtf Between Fourth and Fifth.

TROTTING ON WOODLAWN RACE COURSE.



WE the subscribers agree to run a two-mile Race, Colts to carry 100 lbs., on the Woodlawn Race Course, on the first day of the September Meeting, 1859, for $200, half forfeit, $100 to start. Entrance—Twenty-five Dollars. Entrance Fourth day—Twenty-five Dollars. Four or more to make a race. Entries close 20th of August.

WM. E. MILTON.
au 26 d Secretary.

To Millers, Produce Merchants, and Grain Dealers.

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250 pounds Bar Lead;
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J. HORSEYS SON, 84 Maiden Lane.

au 4 d&wsu

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Total assets of the Company		$226,047 15

No. 196.—Renewal.] AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY., July 28, 1859.

This is to certify that John Muir, as Agent of the Phœnix Fire Insurance Company of New York, at Louisville, Jefferson county, has filed in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts required by the provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said John Muir, as agent aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Louisville, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my hand, the day and year above written.

SEAL

THOS. S. PAGE, Auditor.

JOHN MUIR, Agent.

J. P. MARSHALL, Late of Ills. & Small. J. A. DICKINSON of Louisville.

NEW CARPET AND *Housefurnishig S! ore.*

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

79 Fourth street,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON

HAVE now open the most complete and best assorted Stock ever exhibited in any establishment in the West, adapted both to wholesale and retail buyers, in all styles, grades, and prices of

CARPETING, CURTAINS,
DRUGGETTS, SHADES,
LEVIS MATS, CORNICES,
BOOKINGS, BANDS,
STAIR RODS, GIMPS,
TABLE CLOTHS, TASSELS,

and keep on hand and make to order

Tarpaulins, Flags, Comforts, Sheets, Slips, &c., &c., &c., &c.

and make and fit

Carpets, Curtains, Shades, &c.,

at short notice and in the best manner.

☞ Call and examine our stock before making your purchases. MARSHALL & DICKINSON.

Grass Seeds! Grass Seeds!! Crop 1859

1,000 BUSHELS pure Timothy Seed;
2,000 bushels Ky. Blue grass do;
500 bushels Ky. Orchard Grass Seed;
1,000 do Herds' Grass or Redtop Seed.
Also, Red Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, &c., &c.
PETER L. CHAHAN,
Jy28 d&wsu Louisville, Ky.

1859! FALL STYLES! 1859!

PRATHER & SMITH

433 Main st.

WILL introduce to the public on Saturday next, August 20, 1859, their LOUISVILLE FALL STYLE OF DRESS HATS for 1859.

Also, New York and Paris styles, and Men's and Boys' new style Soft Hats and Plain and Fancy Caps. a19 d&b

MEDICAL.

JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND PECTORAL OF Wild Cherry!

THE SEAL OF PUBLIC APPROBATION HAS BEEN so unmistakably fixed upon this Medicine that the proprietor feels it to be his duty to call the attention of all those persons to it who are suffering from, or threatened with, affections of the lungs or throat. Its basis is the active principle of the Wild Cherry Bark, but it contains also, in proper proportions, other of the most efficient pectorals of the MATERIA MEDICA. Its component parts and proportions are well known to physicians everywhere, as the proprietor makes no secret of them, and they have met the universal approbation of the faculty, who, as a general thing, prefer using the preparation to any prescription which they can have prepared by a druggist.

It can be procured from druggists and country stores everywhere.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office, Louisville, Kentucky.

aug18 damd&wlm

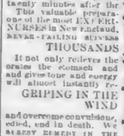
DR. LA CROIX'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE ON THE PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

250 Pages and 100 Fine Plain and Colored Lithographs, showing the Structural Anomalies of the Sexual Organs.

☞ PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. ☜

☞ Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. ☜



ON the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret foibles of both sexes of all ages, causing depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginations, involuntary discharges, defective memory, timidness, bashfulness, &c., comprising 250 pages, and illustrated with upwards of one hundred and thirty engravings. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating the marriage, who entertain doubts of both parties of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having indulged the habit of self-pollution and its baneful effects on the mind, bashfulness, and nervousness, rendering them unfit for the society of the opposite sex, and who are consequently shunning the world, and preying upon their own vitals in secret, solitude, and despair, rendering life a burden instead of a pleasure, when a few months' judicious treatment will restore them to perfect health, happiness, and a long life of usefulness to society.

Young men who are troubled with nocturnal emissions, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, horrible fancies, sometimes a ringing in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and loins or nervousness, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PAMPHLET AND IRON TREATMENT.

We have for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in VISITING THE EUROPEAN HOSPITALS, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in Europe, and on the Continent—such men as CULLERIER, LEGUEN, RICORD, DESPRETEAUX, AUTON, and CURLING of the French and English hospitals. Our tour extended through France, Italy, Germany, Holland, England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, visiting in our route the principal Hospitals in Paris, London, Lyons, Vienna, Dresden, Berlin, Breslau, &c., &c. We have been amply rewarded by the additional knowledge we have acquired in the treatment of various diseases to which we have directed our attention. These we have embodied in a treatise which we will now have the full benefit of the many NEW AND EFFICIENT REMEDIES which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured that we have read, and duly SECRETED, and attention being paid to these cases, which has no superior, if the disease will allow it to cure, as a Physician in our PECULIAR department of professional practice.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business strictly confidential.

☞ In all cases where the patient is not satisfied, after having received the book, the money will be refunded

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND ROSEN.

PRENTICE, HENDERSON & OSBORNE'S PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES—IN ADVANCE.

Daily Journal $10; mails $6 if paid in advance, or $10 if not paid within 3 months. County Daily $5. Tri-Weekly $4; for any period less than one year 50 cents a month; $3 for any period less than 6 months. Weekly $3. Evening Bulletin $6, if mailed $4.

CLUB PRICES—IN ADVANCE.

Weekly—One copy $2. Ten copies or more $1 to each.

ADVERTISING—IN DAILY JOURNAL.

1 square (10 lines or less) first insertion $1 00
Each additional insertion 25

WEEKLY JOURNAL.

Each square, first insertion $1 00
Each additional insertion 25

☞ For full particulars as to terms of yearly advertising, &c., see first column on first page.

LOUISVILLE.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 2, 1859.

☞ An "intelligent gentleman," describing the condition of the West to the Philadelphia Evening Journal, compared it to the fortunate individual who drew the elephant in the lottery and could not for the life of him tell what to do with it. He describes the West as having drawn a great prize in the lottery of nature, in the shape of a magnificent harvest, without knowing how to dispose of it; she cannot eat it and cannot sell it at a price which is deemed remunerative; she is poor in the midst of apparent prosperity, and in want though having an abundance of the fruits of the earth; she has no money and cannot raise it; she is deeply in debt without the means of paying off her indebtedness; her securities have depreciated; her real estate is heavily mortgaged, and her railroads are encumbered beyond the hope of redemption, while their receipts hardly pay current expenses. There may be some foundation for all the shadow in this picture, but there are light spots in it if our Philadelphia contemporary will look through glasses which do not distort the view. It is undoubtedly true that emigration has been checked, that money is not so plentifully invested as formerly, and that our Eastern friends who have capital are unwilling to touch Western securities at any rate. But what of all that? New York and Pennsylvania are as badly off; they have coal and salt and iron which they cannot sell; they have Erie and Newbury roads that are not to be touched; they are, as States, and in the individual capacity of their inhabitants, head over ears in debt; they have their fancy gambling stocks, as the West had her paper towns. The evils are not incurable, and our Philadelphia cotemporary, while pointing out the sad condition of the West, prescribes for a radical cure by saying: "Henceforth the West will have to rely upon her resources, at least until her present indebtedness is liquidated and public confidence is fully restored." We do not presume the Philadelphia journal means to embrace Kentucky in the category of "The West," for we are neither in debt to the East, nor do we particularly care to extend our custom in that direction. But we consider the time for panic to be when we have a large interests in common with the States north of the Ohio, and when the West and Southwest come to understand each other better, we can snap our fingers at the overgrown Atlantic cities. They have tempted us to be extravagant, and, like gamblers who have fleeced their dupes, they now want to kick us out of company, with some keen satire upon our folly.

The Philadelphia Journal only tells half the story of the wants of the West. It says what it needs is a market for her breadstuffs, for which we cannot depend upon foreign countries, because the demand from those quarters is always limited, and subject to great fluctuations, since almost every country of Europe, as a general rule, adopts the natural policy of supplying its wants by its own labor and upon its own soil. The Philadelphia Journal would then have us look at home for the principal market for our products, and that market it tells us "can be opened only by the development of the manufacturing and mining interests of the East." All good friends, your philanthropy towards us has its motive in a selfish feeling, and we think we can see a remedy which should begin "nearer to home." Way go to the East to make our home market, from an hundred to a thousand miles off. Why not adopt the natural policy of European countries and supply our wants on our own soil by our own labor? These is not an article which conduces to the health, happiness, honor, or prosperity of the West, in relation to which we may not be perfectly independent of the East. The Philadelphia Journal miscalculates the importance of its own position and mistakes our degree of dependence. It tells us that so long as the Atlantic cities "import manufactures in such excessive quantities from abroad, draining the country of money to pay for them, the West, in the absence of an adequate home market for her surplus products, must continue poor." Now if we take the Journal's advice and look our difficulties fully and calmly in the face, we shall arrive at the conclusion that the East is a dangerous neighbor tempting us with useless but expensive luxuries, draining our money in repayment and refusing the barter of our homely necessaries of life unless we put down the prices. The real meaning of all this is, let the West produce more and more, and sell cheaper and cheaper, let the West build up the Eastern manufacturers and support the importers, and they will give us twenty five cents a bushel, perhaps, for our grain and furnish us silks and laces, wines and brandy in return at fabulous rates!

No; the true remedy for the depression at the West is to increase the consumers within her own borders, and encourage Western mechanics and manufacturers. There is hardly hope in the Pandora's box which the East offers to us—nothing but a cohort of disasters, to avoid which would be our lasting gain. Let the West make her own hats, shoes, clothes, cottons, and cloths; divert the occupation of her producing classes into consumers; dig her iron and mine her coal; build forges and bloomeries, erec: mills, give us the clang of the trip-hammer and the music of the steam-gauge; import what we cannot produce directly through New Orleans, so that we will have the interior transportation, the storage, and commissions on all—this is the secret of the true prosperity of the West. Let her do what the Journal says Eastern capitalists prefer to do—"put their means invested under their own eye, where the return is small; they have at least the consolation of knowing that it is secure." We would not be understood as dissenting from the assertion of our Philadelphia friend that the prosperity and growth of the East produce corresponding advantages to the West; nor do we deny the sentiment that the interests of the whole country are indissolubly connected, and there can be no antagonism between the different sections that is not suicidal. We may however, with great propriety, defend our section from the crushing burdens of those vast importations, the profits on which build up the large cities of the East at the expense of the very life-blood of the interior. Our internal trade must be judiciously regulated, as we would have our foreign commerce adjusted by a permanent policy which would keep our specie at home. The Eastern States have built themselves up by manufactures and commerce, and the Southern Atlantic States are prospering by the aid of their cotton, while the West has filled the soil too exclusively, and must now build up home markets to avoid her by the diffusion of labor through all the various pursuits of life.

We love our common country, and in these remarks we are actuated by no sectional spirit. We will aid the great commercial States in the revision of the tariff, and the South in any measures we may tend to give permanence to the price of her great staples. But in our domestic intercourse we ought to apply rules as stringent as we are prepared to do with foreign nations. The policy which protects our national manufactures from ruinous foreign competition should be applied to guard the West from the exactions of the speculators and middlemen of the East. New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Baltimore are glutted with the products of Europe which enrich the merchants of London, Liverpool, Paris, Lyons, &c., by exhausting the precious metals almost to the very point of supply, and this deranges business and produces a tight state of affairs in the Eastern cities. So, too, our great West has bought extravagantly from the East, and, to pay for our folly, our pockets and our granaries have both been depleted. Is it any wonder then that the West is crippled? The New York and Philadelphia papers point to the dangers of excessive importations from Europe keeping the balance of trade against our country. By a parity of reasoning we show that the foolish dependence of the West upon the East for supplies, which we can control at home if we will, has been the first great cause of that depression, which the Philadelphia Journal points out, but for which it offers no adequate remedy.

☞ The editor of the Democrat and the editor of the Courier worked as hard as they could for the election of Mr. Magoffin to the Governorship, and now *neither of them has one word to say about his unanswered address.* Was such neglect ever heard of before? What on earth does it mean?

☞ The Courier was exceedingly indignant at the Democrat for asserting, after the recent election, that Mr. Magoffin had declared in one of his speeches that he would sooner inaugurate civil war than call on Congress to protect the rights of slave property in the Territories. Yet Mr. Magoffin says the same thing very strongly in his inaugural address, and the Courier, if it has the slightest feeling of indignation thereat, conceals it very carefully. There's boldness for you.

☞ The Elizabethtown Democrat represents us as advocating unconditionally the election of Mr. Corwin to the Speakership of the House of Representatives. If the Democrat were an honest paper, it would say that we have spoken of another gentleman as in our opinion preferable to Mr. Corwin for the Speakership, and that we have simply named Mr. Corwin as one of those upon whom we thought that the Opposition might unite rather than let the Democrats have the organization of the House. But the Democrat *isn't* an honest paper.

☞ The Springfield (Mass.) Republican declares, in reply to the Louisville Journal, that the Republicans cannot and will not unite with the Southern Opposition in the next Presidential election upon any such terms as we have suggested. Very well, let them stay where they are.

☞ The Washington States, a Democratic organ, has a fixed impression upon its mind that Emerson Etheridge will be the presiding officer of the 36th House of Representatives.

The inaugural address was lengthy (or can some one contain, but we will lay it before our readers as early a day as the pressure upon our limited columns will permit. We will also in our issue of to-morrow give an account of the ball which came off last night at the capital in honor of the inauguration. In the meantime, we believe from the opinion of all who witnessed the ceremonies yesterday—except the unfortunates whose funeral it was—that it was a most satisfactory manner.

Louisville Courier, Wednesday.

Thus wrote our cotemporary the morning after Gov. Magoffin's inauguration, when it positively had no copy of his address, for it was copied from the manuscript, which was completed at so late an hour before the ceremonies at Frankfort that it could not be put in type for general distribution. We learn that there was considerable pow-wowing as to the phraseology of the document, and that all the Douglas Democrats were present at its birth. Neither Linn Boyd nor the Paducah, Bardstown, or Louisville anti-Douglas editors were in the consultation. The Courier, therefore, must have been in real earnest when it said that "the eighteenth inauguration of Kentucky's Governor was the symbol of Kentucky's return to the political faith of the fathers of the Commonwealth—the visible evidence of foolish things being laid aside and wise things undertaken anew." Perhaps, by this time, the Courier feels like amending the comparison, and saying the inaugural, in its political aspect, was "sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal."

Well, Thursday has come and gone. Is not the "pressure of the columns" yet removed? Yesterday it found room to report the reception of Ex-Governor Morehead, to give a latter descriptive of the Inaugural Ball, a history of a Cincinnati watch, a negro anecdote or two, a half column of doggerel poetry, a chapter on "Edge Tools"—significant when we think of the old adage about handling them—and various other matters which were not perishable if kept over a day, but we looked in vain for Magoffin's Inaugural! What is the matter? Every thing at Frankfort on Tuesday "went off in the finest style and most satisfactory manner," the Courier told us on Wednesday morning, "*except to the unfortunates whose funeral it was.*" Who is defunct—whose funeral was it—who was the Gloster commanded to "stand back and let the coffin pass?" Which of the Democratic courts is to go into mourning? Is the Boyd faction to don the sables, or must the Breckinridge cabal get their weapons ready? When will the pressure be removed from the columns of the Courier? Will not the publication of the Inaugural be piling Pelion upon Ossa?

THE WISE FEUD.—The Richmond Enquirer, edited chiefly by O. Jennings Wise, the son of the Governor, is held filled every day with matter relating to the Governor's most unfortunate letter and with attacks upon his Democratic enemies. The young Wise seems to be quite as good at making the fur fly as ever the old one was. Some of the developments are exceedingly rich, and richer ones are promised or rather threatened. The harmony of the Democratic family is terribly disturbed, and things will evidently get worse before they are better.

We do not see the Richmond Enquirer, and are indebted for the annexed extracts to the Baltimore Gazette:

MORAL CHARACTER OF THE NEW YORK "SOFT."

Now, we do openly make the charge of corruption—of the basest and meanest moral and political corruption—against these leading men of the Free-soil Democracy of New York, who have played the part of conspirators against Gov. Wise. Herein is a "matter of grave importance." The Examiner can have full scope here for a righteous exposure of political corruption in its worst form, where it ever has existed—in private intrigue, in secret combination and conspiracy. Come to judgment, O Heine! Here is a member of your own party —a prominent Southern Democratic statesman—villified and slandered by the Free-soil organs of the North, Democratic traitors and traitors in New York. You have traveled all the way back to Richmond to express editorially your disapprobation of a man against whom you can "make no charge of corruption." Why are you silent about his enemies, who are notoriously steeped in corruption? For what purpose, bad or good, does our contemporary spare the lash where it is so tempting to be used?

It is not to be lost sight of, in this connection, that this same faction has complete and undisputed control of the Democratic organization in New York, and will have everything, so far as that party is concerned, in their own way.

THE "ACKNOWLEDGED ORGAN" OF VIRGINIA DEMOCRACY DISCOURSETH ON "INSOLENCE."

Insolence, O friend, is a mere negative quality, as powerless for good as it is liable to evil. An Administration organ should leave the "role of insolence" to the timid and the incapable. Public virtue is the high standard towards which his efforts must be bent. Forever watchful, forever active, it is his duty to keep the public mind alive to the things of the welfare of the Republic, and to meet and overthrow them by every honorable means within his reach. Take that lesson to heart, O unsophisticated neighbor. This is good doctrine, and is warranted by the precept and the example of Virginia Democracy, and as the acknowledged organ of that party we commend it to your attention.

WHAT R. M. T. HUNTER HAS BEEN DOING.

And is the organ of the very faction of the professed "fire-eaters," who have never been united to unite with an "enemy" against Democratic nominees, when by so doing they could elect one of their own number, now preaches conservatism and strict organization. These men accuse Gov. Wise of being a general disorder of the peace of the Democratic party, when nothing has characterized their whole movements more than the "rule or ruin" policy, with which, by close intrigues, they have gotten for themselves the offices of the party. Governor Wise never yet defeated his own party by reaching after offices. He never aspired to the Presidency in the Democratic ranks to take a Speaker's election in the House of Representatives at the hands of the Black Republicans, and then to sit in the Senate of the United States by precisely the same kind of conservation of party unity among the Democracy.

Let the Hon. R. M. T. Hunter stand up and answer to this indictment.

HOW CASSIDY'S PACKED DELEGATION WILL BE RECEIVED AT CHARLESTON.

And if the "Albany Regency" shall send a united delegation to Charleston, the Southern States there will only sink lower in the scale of moral influence and prestige than all the instance of division could effect. The great body of the party at Charleston will only vote the lip at the packed creatures of Cassidy & Co., and their adherence to any candidate will only mark him as the target of distrust.

The subjoined extracts are from the correspondence of the same journal (written by Governor Wise).

HOW THE GOVERNMENT ORGAN IS SUPPORTED.

Every one acquainted with "Washington affairs" knows that the paper published in Washington as the organ of the Administration is kept alive by forced contributions levied on the officeholders, and by its share of the forty thousand dollars allowed for printing blanks, the whole cost of which is five thousand dollars, leaving thirty-five thousand dollars for distribution.

THE PRESIDENT "WRITES FOR IT."

It is equally well known that no editorial appears in that paper which is not fully approved by the President, and it is equally well known that many articles are from his pen. The nominal editor would not dare to say or do anything to conflict with the wishes of our "model President."

"DEALING" WITH MR. BUCHANAN "DIRECT."

In commenting on what appears in the Constitution, I do not mean to be considered as dealing with the editor—but with the President direct. That paper has recently deemed it a part of its duty to make comments, neither courteous nor just, on the late latter of Gov. Wise to Donelson. Finally, it has seen fit to pass by the scoundrelism of its confederates in obtaining and publishing a private letter from one friend to another. And it assumes that an aspirant for the Presidency in guilty of a great piece of indelicacy—indeed, an outrage, in writing at all on the subject. The Constitution had better be silent on the subject. It may get into deep, very deep water. It should not presume too much on forbearance. We, in the South, hold the private seal sacred, and never break it, unless it be a damned, naked fact black.

There is something in the subjoined, which immediately follows the above in an article from which we quote, to make Mr. Buchanan shake in his shoes. Something terrible is plainly hinted. Wise was a special friend and advocate of Buchanan's nomination—his confidential correspondent—and the Italics, which we give as we find them, are evidently charged with portentous meaning:

I doubt whether there ever has been an aspirant for the Presidency who was not written many private letters to his friends, and it is not only legitimate for him to do so, but it is his *duty*. He should not *conceal* his opinions on any subject—he should furnish them freely and fully—*he should not unsheud, nor should he keep back any manner of facts which will not bear the test.* I shall forbear to say what has been said, written, and done on former occasions. The unguarded but truthful expressions in Gov. Wise's letter do not weigh a feather, when we contemplate the rascality attending its publication.

Other papers may "hail" as they list, but the Constitution would consult prudence by being silent.

Now, we call that pretty plain talk to be addressed "direct" to the "venerable head" of the great Democratic party. If the Constitution newspaper does not keepentirely mum henceforward about the Donnelly letter, we may look for some astonishingly rich disclosures. Will the Chief Magistrate submissively "shut up," as he is thus "directly" and very politely invited to do? *Nous verrons.*

☞ In the First Congressional district of Maryland, John Fleming, a Democrat of Somerset county, has announced himself as an independent candidate in opposition to Stewart, the regular Democrat, and Cox, the American nominee.

☞ The Washington Constitution has discovered "a great reaction in popular feeling in favor of President Buchanan and his administration," and the organ regards this as "a striking illustration of the retributive justice sure to overtake the opponents of Democratic supremacy." We don't exactly understand this, but we can comprehend that any action or reaction which favors the miserable policy of Buchanan is a terrible retribution; as grievous as that under which the cities of the plain suffered.

☞ Stout, who is reputed to be elected to Congress in Oregon, is requested by some of his old acquaintance in Western New York to set aside a portion of his mileage to the hitherto forgotten purpose of paying the money he borrowed to get out of the State; and the Worcester (Mass.) Spy hopes Cavanaugh, the Democratic nominee for Congress in one of the Minnesota Districts, may not afflict his old acquaintances in that locality by revisiting them.

☞ The spirit of party has many and peculiar ways of manifesting itself, but the following advertisement in the New York Herald is the most utilitarian we have lately seen:

ELEVENTH WARD—POLITICIANS, ATTENTION! Meetings will be held during the coming week, and longer if necessary, at the Club House, 300 Sixth street, to accertain the true merits of the case.

"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."
Price of gin, expence a glass.

☞ Exchange certainly is no robbery, when we see this paragraph floating about in our newspapers:

Fred. Douglas goes to England in September, and Alfred Tennyson, the English poet-laureate, comes here.

☞ The Minnesota Times says that Mr. Douglas is the right man in the right place. He will be when the Devil gets him.

THE MISSISSIPPI BUBBLE; a Memoir of John Law. By Adolphe Thiers, author of the Consulate and Empire, &c., to which are added authentic accounts of the Darien Expedition and the South Sea Schemes. Translated by Frank S. Fiske. New York: Townsend & Co. Louisville: F. A. Crump.

The strange financial phenomenon of Law, its giant fraud, and the lessons to be deduced from it, should be studied by all. So, too, the ill fated undertaking of Peterson's Darien Expedition and the South Sea Company, originated in 1711 by Harley, Earl of Oxford, to restore public credit, show how easily men can be duped and how great is the infatuation for commercial gambling. The day has passed probably for the world to be surprised into such giant speculations, but the railroad mania of a dozen years since in England, the Morse Multicaulis excitement, the Hen Fever, and the Lacey Stock Speculation in our own country show that we like to be humbugged. The reading of the history of such frauds is instructive, and they should serve as beacon lights to warn the unwary.

HISTORY OF FRANCE FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO 1848. By Rev. James White, author of "The Eighteen Christian Centuries." New York: Appleton & Co. Louisville: F. A. Crump, No. 81 Fourth street.

This is an excellent work, intended to refresh the memory of readers and call back facts nearly forgotten. Commencing with the early ages of barbaric Gallia, following up the Roman conquest and mysterious rites of the Druids, the incursions of the Franks across the Rhine, the raids of the Huns, with their defeat under Attila at Chalons, down to the time of Clovis, founder of the first royal race of France, named from his grandfather the Merovingian Line. This race governed from 496 to 741; then came the victories over the Moslem under Charles Martel, who was rewarded by Pope Zacharias in the consecration of his son Pepin as the founder of the second Carlovingian race, which nearly died out in 843 in the person of Louis the Debonnaire, who was dethroned by his three sons and the clergy. The quarrel for mastery between Lothaire, Charles the Bald, and Louis the Germar—the battle of Fontenay, and the partition of the Kingdom when the present France was assigned to Charles, reestablished the Carlovingian Line, which lasted 236 years down to Hugh Capet, the founder of the Capetian Line. In 1328 Charles IV died without sons, and the house of Valois succeeded in the person of Philip VI; in 1498 the Duke of Orleans ascended the throne as Louis XII; in 1515 his cousin, the Duke D'Angoulême, succeeded as Francis I; in 1589 the Bourbon branch under Henry IV assumed power, and held it till 1830, except the bloody episode of the Republic and the meteor flash of the First Empire. In 1830 Louis Philippe of the Bourbon-Orleans family became the King of the French; in 1848 the Republic was declared, and here Mr. White's work stops. His history is most agreeably written, and cannot fail to be interesting to young and old.

MORMONS RETURNING.—The Omaha Nebraskian gives the following item relative to the returning Mormons:

Recent advices from Monroe, Columbus, and Fort Kearney inform us that heavy emigration from Utah and California daily passes those points eastward. Numerous arrivals in this city confirm the statement. Upwards of five hundred persons from Utah have arrived in this city since our last issue, and probably as many more have reached Florence, six miles north of here. We are ignorant of the causes which led to this stampede of the saints. They bring rumors of apprehended difficulties with the troops of Salt Lake during the coming autumn.

[From the Cleveland Herald.]

EXTRAORDINARY NARRATIVE—*Unparalleled Adventure.*—One of the most extraordinary narratives that we have had the fortune to relate, has just come under our notice. It was told us by the hero himself, and the most unsparing investigation fails to shake the truth of the story, astonishing as it may seem to be. If there is any deception in the case, we fail to see its object.

About twenty-six years ago some Canada Indians were in Cleveland, and did some trading with the people. In the course of the trade the Indians fancied they had been cheated, and, in order to revenge themselves, stole a three year old boy from the city and took him to Canada. As far as can be learned, the child was stolen from a small brown house, but in what part of the city, or any farther particulars of the theft, cannot be learned.

The captors kept the boy in Canada for a few days, and finally, fearing his recovery by the whites, sold him to a party of Pottawottamies, who kept him about a month. By these he was again sold to the Paw Paws, in which tribe he remained a month; but, as these Indians were more fearful of being retraced and taken by the whites, he was traded off to the Winnebagoes of Illinois and Wisconsin.

How long he remained in the keeping of this tribe we have been unable to learn, but he was eventually transferred from them to the Chippewas of Wisconsin, who again sold him to the Sioux Indians of Minnesota.

Twenty five years ago he was sold by the Chippewas to the Saukes and Copperheads of Iowa. When this tribe removed to Missouri, he accompanied them, and afterwards went with them in their migration through California and Oregon. That portion of the tribe with which he remained finally proceeded as far north as the Russian possessions near Behring's Straits, and there with portions of the Crees, Utahs, and other roving bands of Indians, they at present remain. Their principal point of settlement is about three hundred miles from the North Pacific Ocean, and about twenty-two hundred miles to the northwest of St. Paul.

One of the points in the Russian Territory where the tribe occasionally visits is "Russian Fort," which is held down on a small island near the Colville river. The hero of this strange adventure visited the Fort is in the vicinity of a small river, the name of which, other than that given by his tribe, he does not know.

The Snake and Copper Head Indians trade with St. Pauls, having a semi-annual train to that place. The train has about 2,000 Indians. One party starts from St. Pauls about the same time that the other starts from their hunting grounds in Missouri, about halfway. The furs are packed on ponies, elks, and dogs.

On their last semi-annual trip, the hero of these strange adventures received a pass from one of the Chiefs ("Ma co chew-a-wa") to seek out his relatives, and if found to remain with them awhile. The pass requires his presence in St. Pauls at their next trip in 1860. Save of the time accounted for by the "e-que-que"—for that is the Indian name of the young men—to Chicago. From that place he has forced it most of the way, and arrived here yesterday. At Fremont his clothes were recognized by a man as bearing a strong resemblence to one Jos. Todd, who is said to have resided in Cleveland about thirty years since.

For some time past the young man has been diligently engaged in tracing up his history, and what we have given above is the result of his inquiries. He says he has no desire to leave his Indian associates, as he has a wife and two children among them. His speaks English well, having learned it, he says, in his trading at St. Pauls. He says that his hair was cut, and his clothing changed to conform to white usages, before leaving St. Paul.

We have given his narrative as he told it us this morning. It seems extraordinary, but a close and rigid cross examination has failed to shake his story in the least. As far as we can learn, his account of numerous minute details of the country and manners of the far Northwest regions, do not differ from the facts. What motive there is for deception we cannot see at present, as he only desires information as to his parents. He is slightly made, speaks rapidly, and in at present suffering from opthalmia, occasioned, as he says, by sleeping without his customary blankets. He says that as soon as he can get into the woods to search for roots he can cure himself.

Perhaps some of our old settlers can throw some light on the subject of the alleged stealing by the Indians, and whether this white Indian is not the son of one Joseph Tod.

ANOTHER KIDNAPPER ARRESTED.—An itinerant black peddler, styling himself Isaac Burton, Sr., and professing to cure all the ills of life, was last night detected in an attempt to decoy a negro woman from her master, in this county. The particulars, as we have them, are, that a few days ago he proposed to a mulatto woman belonging to Mr. Frederick Potter, an elopement to Indiana, agreeing to meet her last night near her master's residence, with a buggy for that purpose, requiring her in the mean time to steal as much money from her master as possible to pay the expenses of the trip and settle them comfortably in the Hoosier State as man and wife.

The negress communicated the above facts to her master, who, to carry out Barton's programme and detect him in it, placed about $200 in his own pocket and left it exposed in the room, and waited for him to take it and fill her appointment with the Doctor, which she did. In the meantime, however, a number of persons, including the sheriff, secreted themselves inside of a shed, at the fence of which the meeting was to take place, and heard all that transpired between the Doctor and the negress, and went prepared to arrest him. When they met the Doctor told her that his buggy was "broke all to hell," and he could not bring it that night, but to give him the money she had stolen and he would meet her to-night with a new buggy, if the money she gave him would buy it, and if he had not, but the negress would tie a white string on a rail at a certain spot, so that she might know that he would not be able to meet her.

In case he should be unable to meet her tonight, however, he assured her that he would be there punctually on Saturday night, and she should be free, and his darling wife before Wednesday next. Taking the bait greedily, the negress left, hurried away to leave her, when he was arrested, and his hopes of matrimonial bliss in Hoosierdom were clipped in the bud. He was brought to town by Sheriff P. J. Dever and others, and will undergo an examining trial at 2 o'clock.

Barton has been living in this county six or eight months, and, we regret to learn, has a wife and several children in Indiana. It is probable that after the next term of our Criminal Court he will remove to Frankfort.—*Bowling Green Gazette.*

SAILING OF A TELEGRAPHIC EXPLORING EXPEDITION TO THE NORTHERN ATLANTIC OCEAN.—At one o'clock this afternoon the barque Wyman, Capt. Barker, sailed on an expedition to the Northern Atlantic Ocean to survey a route for a telegraph cable by way of Greenland, Iceland, and the Shetland Islands, to Glasgow. The vessel has been chartered by Col. T. P. Shaffner, who goes in her, accompanied by his wife and son, and two gentlemen of Worcester.

Just previous to the sailing of the vessel, John A. Dana, Esq., of Worcester, presented Col. Shaffner with a signal flag, bearing the masonic emblems, the square and the compass.

Col. Shaffner, to reply, spoke of the purposes of the expedition. He had received from the King of Denmark the exclusive right to lay a cable in Greenland and Iceland, and spoke of the advantages this route would have over any other in Europe. In cheapness of construction, shortness of connections, etc. He estimated the expense of laying the cable at one and a half million dollars.

It is expected that the Wyman will reach Glasgow, after completing the explorations, in ten weeks, and return to Boston in four months.

Col. Shaffner proposes to make for the Gulf of St. Lawrence. He will then coast along the shores of Labrador to Hopedale, or about 56° North latitude, sounding occasionally, so as to find a deep bay for the American terminus of his cable.

Thence he will pass over to south Greenland, sounding there, and examining the country for an underground line, in case it should be necessary to have a line across Greenland.

Thence the route will lead to Iceland, where the bays will be sounded, and the shores examined for a land line. Thence the expedition will go to the Faroe Islands, where the wires will branch—one line running to Southward of Scotland, so as to reach England; the other to Bergen in Norway.

The longest cable will be from Labrador to Greenland, about 500 miles, thence to Iceland, between 300 and 400 miles, according to the points touched. From Iceland to Faroe Isles 270 miles, Faroe to Scotland 200 miles, Faroe to Norway 360 miles.

Boston Traveller, Monday.

LOUISVILLE DENTAL DEPOT.

Family Drug and Prescription Store,
MOZART HALL,
CORNER OF FOURTH & JEFFERSON.
S. F. DAWES, Proprietor.
jy5 d&w1m

ARTHUR PETER ..... JAMES BUCHANAN.

PETER & BUCHANAN,

DEALERS IN

Garden & Grass Seeds

AND

MANUFACTURERS OF

Agricultural Implements,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES SENT BY mail gratis on application. aug25 d&w3m

HUGHES'S TONIC WILL CURE CHILLS & FEVER.

FOR THE PROOF READ THE FOLLOWING:

"During the fall of 1855 we used HUGHES'S TONIC with great success in this section, and consider it the CURE OF CHILLS AND FEVER."

G. W. Bodine,	D. Truman,
E. A. Wingate,	Owen & Wood,
D. G. Brickell,	John Klink,
Constance & Sloan,	A. S. Woodruff,
John Herr,	I. N. Glover,
J. E. Shaw,	C. A. Fuller, Superintendent Red River Improvements.

R. H. Warner, of Mound City, Ills., writes us "The Tonic is nearly out. It has cured some stubborn cases and is liked by all who use it."

W. M. Garner, of Charlestown, Ind., says: "I have sold during the past season three hundred and fifty bottles of Hughes' Tonic. I consider it one of the very best remedies for the cure of Ague."

J. W. Showalter, of Mt. Washington, Ky., writes: "One of my customers, Mr. Letitia Crume, of Hill Grove Postoffice, Nelson county, had a child who had been under treatment for months for Chills. All things failed but a bottle of your Tonic, by the use of which her child was permanently cured. This gentleman informs me that he cured six cases with one bottle."

Prepared by SCHUYLER & HUGHES, Louisville, Ky., and sold by Druggists and Mercantile generally. jun21 d&w1y

FOUND,

A GOLD BRACELET, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. F. S. SIEGEL.
se2 2&3d1 Third st., opposite the Journal office.

FOUND,

A pair of heavy rimed Gold Spectacles, which the owner can have by calling at this office, proving property, and paying for the advertisement. se2 d1

LOST DOG.

STRAYED, from the residence of the subscriber, on the 26th of August, a RAT TERRIER DOG, of a bright tan color, about five months old, and very playful and active. Any person having him in his possession, or giving information of his whereabouts, will be suitably rewarded.

J. M. HEATH, 147 Fourth street, Al Durkee, Heath, & Co's.
se2 d1f

A LADY,

WHO received her education in Europe, wishes for an engagement as Governess. She is willing to teach a course of the entire English, French, Piano and Vocal Music. She has had many years experience in teaching, and can give satisfactory reference. Address
se2 d3f Postoffice, Louisville, Ky.

For Rent.

A GOOD BRICK HOUSE on Jefferson street, between Fifth and Sixth, containing eight rooms, a large dry cellar. The House has been recently repainted and repaired, and in good order.
Inquire of EDGAR RICHARDSON,
se2 2&w1d 4w Jefferson st. east

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL sell a very valuable tract of Land, containing about fifty acres, one-sixth mile south of the Portland Canal, and one mile north of Shippingport, for a dairy farm or garden. Some 20 acres in cultivation; the balance in timber. The tract adjoins the south of and adjoining Graceland, the well known farm of Mr. A. Atherton.

Intending to remove to and reside in this county, I will sell the above tract of land at a bargain on the usual payments. If not sold privately on or before the first day of this month, I will sell the same on that day at public vendue, at the Courthouse door, in Louisville, at which time and place I will convey the land to the highest bidder. Persons desiring a bargain will call on Col. S. S. Atchison at the Portland Canal, Ky., or on me, at my residence, near the Salt River Turnpike, 7 miles south of the city.

ROBT P. McMURTRY.
se2 d&w1w

MOURNING.

We have now upon our entire new stock of Mourning, for Fall wear, such as Cloaks, Shawls, Dress Goods, Bonnets, Veils, Collars, Sleeves, &c., bought with a great variety of new and fresh goods, and are now ready for inspection.

C. T. JESUP & CO.,
se 2 dim* 102 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.

DR. H. MOORE'S PRIVATE SCHOOL, FOR BOYS,

REMOVED to the corner of Tenth and Magazine, with a view to affording his pupils ample play ground, free from molestation, will be reopened on Monday, the 5th of September.

English Branches with Natural Philosophy..... $25
Do do do Algebra and Geometry..... 30
Latin and Greek with the above..... 35
se3 d15th Sep

PLANTATION GOODS!

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE LINE of Goods expressly for Planters' use, and a line of

Domestics!

suitable for Servants' generally, to which we call the special attention of all those in need of any of the articles of Goods, at prices that will defy competition.

DURKEE, HEATH, & CO.,
107 FOURTH STREET,
s1 d&w Between Market and Jefferson.

Marshal's Sale.

The President, Directors, & Co.'s of the St. Nicholas Bank
against In Chancery.—No. 13,242.
The Commonwealth of Kentucky, &c.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned or one of his deputies will, on Monday, the 5th day of September, 1859, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the city of Louisville, for the cash, and the balance in three equal credits of six, twelve and eighteen months, the Steamboat OAKLAND.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

W. C. D. WHIPPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. BALEE,
THO. A. MORGAN, } Deputies.
se2 d4d

FOR THE BEST LIGHT ON YOUR Pictures, and white the cleanest and best chemical goods, go to the GALLERY, before the cheapest and best Picture are made. go to the STAR PICTURE GALLERY, No. 404 Main street, one door above the corner of Fourth street, over Ramsey's Jewelry Store.
☞ All work warranted to be put up in durable style.
sept2 dtf N. OSTER.

Greeley's Letters from California.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE

The Sacramento Union, in alluding to Mr. GREELEY'S visit to California, says:

"His letters from this State to THE TRIBUNE will be watched for with interest, and if he should not be the most valuable correspondent we have had, the importance there will have from his being more extensively read and believed than the accounts given by our own local journalists, may well excuse the assertion that he shall feel to know what Greeley has said of us."

Mr. Greeley's letters will all appear in THE DAILY, WEEKLY, and SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Terms: Daily $8. Semi-Weekly $3; ten copies or over, to one address, $2 each. Weekly Tribune $2; twenty copies or over, to one address, $1 each, and an extra copy to the getter-up of the Club.

HORACE GREELEY & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.
se1 d&w3&w1

METCALF'S KENTUCKY REPORTS, VOLUME I:

PRICE $5.

Just published and for sale by
MORTON & GRISWOLD.

APPLE BRANDY, &c—
10 bbls nine old Apple Brandy, 30 pr ct. above proof;
20 do Cassady Ginger Wine;
15 bbls Peach Brandy;
20 do Sweet Malaga Wine;
50 do Old Cherry Liquors;
50 do do Ante Iean Brandy;
50 do do Rye;
50 gross low priced Port Wine;
50 do do Madeira Wine; for sale by
J. MONKS.
se2 Main st., between Fifth and Seventh sts.

PINE BRANDY, &c—
3 qr casks Otard, Dupuy, & Co. Cognac;
3 do Pinet Landon do;
3 do Castillon do;
Just received per Railroad from Boston and for sale low by
J. MONKS.
se2

SUNDRIES—
20 cases fine Swiss Absynth;
10 do do Cherries;
10 do do Curacoa;
20 do do Curacoa;
10 basket fine Champagne;
10 cases French brandies;
100 do Old Tom Gin;
25 baskets Champagne, 1's and qts, Crown;
50 sacks of Coffee; for sale by
J. MONKS.
se2 d1st

Marshal's Sale.

De Frao against In Chancery—No. 13,295.
Steamboat Oakland, &c.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned or one of his deputies will, on Monday, the 5th day of September, at 10 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the city of Louisville, for the cash, and the balance in three equal credits of six, twelve and eighteen months, the Steamboat OAKLAND.

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HORACE G

FRIDAY, SEPT. 2, 1859, A M.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD
LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:

Cincinnati Express at..... 6.45 A. M.
St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, and Cairo at 11 A. M.
Cincinnati, St. Louis, Indianapolis, and Cairo at 10 P. M.

New Albany and Salem Railroad.
LEAVE NEW ALBANY

Mail Express at..... 6.30 A. M.
Louis Day Express at..... 12.05 P. M.
Louis Night Express at..... 9.30 P. M.

Louisville and Lexington Railroad.
Passenger Train No. 1 at..... 6.20 A. M.
Passenger Train No. 3 at..... 2.15 P. M.
Accomodation Train at..... 4.45 P. M.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
Nashville Express at..... 6.30 A. M.
Lebanon Express at..... 6.30 A. M.
Nashville Accommodation at..... 3.15 P. M.
Lebanon Accommodation at..... 3.15 P. M.

☞See fourth page for city advertisements.

DEATH OF ROBERT WICKLIFFE, ESQ.—A telegraphic dispatch from Lexington announces the death of the venerable Robert Wickliffe yesterday. His age must have been 85. He has been a resident of Fayette county since his youth. He was the largest land and slaveholder in Kentucky, and one of the wealthiest men in the State For many years he represented Fayette county in the Legislature as a Representative and a Senator. He never held any other office. At the bar he was distinguished as a land lawyer for the thorough research which he gave his cases.

Mr. Wickliffe leaves three children—Mrs. Preston, wife of Hon. Wm. Preston, of this city, Minister to Spain, who is now with her husband in Europe, Mrs. John Preston, wife of John Preston, Esq., of this city, and Mrs. Judge Woolley, of Lexington. His son, Hon. Robert Wickliffe, Jr., who was Minister to Naples, married in Europe and died shortly after his return to this country. He had no children, and, after his demise, his father gave his widow a fortune, and she returned to her home in Europe.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—C. T. Meigs, Esq., a banker of Flint, Michigan, having been written to by Wm. Ingles, alias Alex. Norton, to come to this city, arrived here yesterday morning. We learn from Mr. Bell, that on the day Ingles was arrested at Chicago by Officer Phelps, Mr. Ingles wrote him (Meiger) informing him of his arrest, and requesting him to come on to Louisville. About the same time a $1,000 draft, of which we speak below, was returned to Mr. Meigs, protested, from New York. He then concluded to come here, hoping to obtain the thousand dollars.

Ingles arrived at Flint last winter, a few days after he committed the forgery here on Mr. Snoddy. There, like here, he represented himself as wealthy, the owner of a large plantation at Oseola, Ark., and hired an overseer for it. He made the acquaintance of Mr. Meigs, and deposited in his bank a note of $1,600, dated "Cincinnati, January 17, 1859, payable 90 days after date to J. B. Arm strong & Co., at the Mechanics' Bank of New York, and in default of payment to forfeit the two Hardin county bonds of $1,000 each which are deposited as collateral of the above note." Signed Robert Grant."

Against this Ingles drew from time to time for various amounts on Mr. Meigs, and his checks were honored. the railroad bonds being considered ample security. This note was protested April 20.

After Ingles got into trouble at Chicago with his New York wife's father-in-law, he sent Mr. Meigs a draft on the Fulton Bank of New York, of the following tenor: "Bank of Commerce, Memphis, August 10, 1859. Pay to the order of Thomas Mayfield $1,000. J. R. Jones, Cashier."

Ingles requested the return of one of the Hardin county bonds for this draft, and some money. Mr. Meigs, supposing the draft to be good, returned one of the bonds and $450 in money, retaining the other bond. The whole amount of money he had drawn from Mr. Meigs was $1,000. The draft was protested by the Fulton Bank, August 25. The initials of the Cashier of the Bank of Commerce are not correctly given.

When Ingles was brought here he telegraphed to Mr. Meigs to come on. Mr. M. finds himself minus one thousand dollars and his traveling expenses. The thousand-dollar Hardin county bond, which Mr. M. has still in his possession but did not bring with him, was obtained fraudulently from Mr. Snoddy by Ingles, and of course will be returned to the proper owner.

We do not precisely understand why Ingles telegraphed to Meigs to come here, unless he supposed that the fact of the protest of the draft was not then known to Meigs.

KENTUCKY HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY—ANNUAL FAIR.—The doors of the exhibition, in the large hall at the Masonic Temple, were opened to visitors on yesterday evening. Our readers are aware that we have expected a good deal on this occasion, particularly in certain classes in the fruit department, and in the fullness of our confidence we have made large promises to each of our distant readers as might be inclined to honor the occasion with a visit. We are now free to confess our expectations have been very much more than realized. We cannot at present go into detail. We may, however, be permitted to say the collection of flowers is large and beautiful, the contributions in fruit very numerous, and some of them very fine, and would be strikingly so but that there are so many others nearly first rate. The collection of grapes is the largest in quantity and in the counter of varieties, and the best in quality that has ever been exhibited in Louisville—and such cluster.—only think of Catawba grapes weighing two pounds to the cluster.

We earnestly entreat every grower of the grape whose eye may meet these lines in time, not to omit calling in person to see for himself what a wide margin for improvement lies between what is usually done around us in grape growing, and what may be done.

The Hall is open to visitors today and tonight, also on Saturday, when the sale of premium fruits and flowers comes off.

We were sorry to see that the attendance of visitors last night was very small. This we have no doubt arises from a want of sufficient notoriety, but whatever may have been the cause we earnestly hope our fellow citizens will by a general turn out to-day and to night hasten to reassure the managers of this society that they take a deep concern in the success of an institution, whose leading object is to improve in quality and to increase in quantity so many of the articles which enter into the everyday subsistence of the community.

☞Mr. Spencer will sell peremptorily this afternoon a valuable lot on Ormsby street, between Main and the river and Eighth and Ninth streets. This is desirable property and should command the attention of buyers.

THE LOUISVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE.—We congratulate the young ladies of Jeffersonville and the upper part of our own city upon the opportunity afforded them of riding in a few new minutes to the Louisville Female College, one of the best and most prudently conducted institutions of this or any other State, every morning and home again in the evening free of charge. Such enterprise ought to be encouraged. See advertisement.

☞Mr. Spencer has quite an attractive sale at his auction rooms this morning, to which we call the special attention of our readers. Besides a very elegant lot of furniture and house keeping articles, pianos, and melodeon, a pair of fine carriage horses, buggy, and harness is to be sold. Those of our readers who wish to supply themselves with such articles of utility and style should not fail to attend this sale.

☞The Ladies' Benevolent Society will meet in Mrs. Nold's school room on Third evening, Sept. 2, at 5 o'clock.

☞Dr. H. Moore has removed his school room to the corner of Tenth and Magazine streets, with a view to affording his pupils ample play ground, free from molestation. His course of study embraces everything required by our highest schools of learning. Dr. M. will be happy to respond to any communication through the postoffice. See advertisement.

GENERAL COUNCIL.—In the Board of Aldermen last night, an ordinance establishing and regulating a Board of Health, to be under the supervision of the professors of the two medical schools, was passed.

A resolution was passed authorizing the Chief of the Fire Department to employ an additional man to each engine.

A resolution was adopted that a joint committee of the General Council meet the Magistrates of the county on Monday next in regard to the location of the county court Clerk's office, about which there exists some dissatisfaction.

An ordinance to pave the sidewalks on Main street, from Jackson to Shelby, was passed.

A resolution to pay Chas. Obst $1,642 51 on paving claims was passed.

In the common Council nothing of interest was done. The street railroad ordinance was postponed for two weeks.

The two Boards adjourned for two weeks.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS—*Thursday, September* 1.

L. Renwick, Mary Green, and Michael Morris, drunk and disorderly. Renwick sent to workhouse in default of bail in $100 for three months, Morris discharged, and Green gave bail in $200 for six months.

Com'th by Catherine Welch vs Jack Starr, peace warrant. Continued.

Wm Rowell, druck, disorderly, and carrying concealed a deadly weapon and assault on John Mitchell, $100 to answer. Workhouse.

Com'th by Chas. F. Saunders vs Jno. Flyshaker and wife, peace warrant. Continued.

Mrs. Mary Greer, drunk. $200 for six months. Bailed.

Ordinance Warrants—City vs. E. Fuller, fast driving. Fined $5.

City vs. J. & I. McGonigan. Obstructing sidewalks. Fined $5.

City vs. H. McClish. Forestalling. Fined $5.

City vs. Adam Hess. Allowing filth from his night carts to escape on the streets. Fined $10.

City vs. D. W. Caudell. Fast driving by his servant. Dismissed.

All the other warrants set for today were continued.

☞The British Government having ordered the recommencement of recruiting in Canada, the provincial papers attribute the cause to an apprehension of renewed hostilities with some one of the continental powers.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

The river continues falling slowly. Last evening there were 3 feet 5 inches water in the canal. The weather is delightful.

For Cairo—The splendid light-draught packet Tempest is the mailboat for Cairo today. She has excellent accommodations and fare, and we can safely recommend Capt. Perr and his clerks to travelers.

The John Ball is advertised to leave today.

Mr. Twomey, the clerk of the John Tompkins, has our thanks for a memorandum and manifest. The Tompkins is the packet for Cairo tomorrow evening.

The Bowling Green is the packet for Leavenworth today.

The Boston is the mailboat for Cincinnati. The Telegraph did no come down yesterday in consequence of the continued decline of the river, and the Superior was retained.

Trial Trip of the Fair Play—Capt. Carris' new Vicksburg and Sunflower River Packet Fair Play made a trial trip yesterday. A large party of ladies and gentlemen availed themselves of the invitation extended to them by Capt. C., and we can say that the performance of the Fair Play realized every expectation. She ran remarkably well and her machinery worked beautifully.

The company was entertained by Capt. Carris in handsome style. The tables had a profusion of good things on them, and, a fine band of music being on board, all who desired joined in the dance.

We have in our dispatches the announcements that two more steamers have been lost—the Mississippi in the lower Mississippi and the York State in the Upper Mississippi.

Collision.—There was a collision at a late hour on Monday night, at the foot of Island 40 in the Mississippi, between the steamers J. H. Lucas, bound up, and the Violet, bound down. The Violet arrived at Memphis in a damaged condition.

An arrangement has been made between the Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company whereby the boats in the two lines will leave Memphis hereafter on alternate days.

The St. Louis Republican of yesterday says:

The river here has taken a sudden and very mysterious start, and is still going up. In the 24 hours ending last evening it rose 2¼ inches. In the 36 hours previous to this it had risen 3¼ inches. The cause of this extraordinary rise is unknown, but the presumption is that it is a short rise and will soon run out, and nothing beyond navigation. The swell is from the Gasconade and Osage rivers, which are in flood height in consequence of the late heavy rains along their courses. Boats passing report large quantities of drift running out of the Missouri. The Upper Mississippi is reported falling from St. Paul down by the last arrival. There are 4 feet on the Upper and 38 inches on the lower Rapids.

The Ewing sank on the Upper Rapids. The following dispatch in relation to the accident was received by Capt. T. H. Rhodes of the Metropolitan: "We sunk the steamer W. L. Ewing on the Upper Rapids on Saturday. Will get her up and on the ways at LaCrar today, if we have no unforeseen bad luck. Will get her ready for bu siness in three or four days." The Ewing had on board 150 bbls corn and 1,000 sacks of bran, and other freight. The freight will doubtless be saved.

The Pittsburg Gazette of Wednesday says:

The James Wood's wreck was removed from the landing on Monday and taken up to Birmingham, where she is to have gunwales put on her when she will be used as a flatboat. She is now high on the apparent difficulty. Two of the wrecks have been thus removed. The Commerce has been raised and is nearly ready to take away. The J. H. Conn is nearly afloat. The Belmont, the Bonita, and the Wood took up more of the landing than all the other boats together.

We are indebted to Messrs. Hodges and Dalton, clerks of the steamer Tempest, for a copy of the memorandum.

☞The new bank rates on time bills will be found under the con mercial head.

AURORA AUSTRALIS.—The southern sky was lighted up this morning to a quarter past 2 o'clock in dazzling splendor. The display was even more gorgeous than that presented last Sunday evening in the north.

☞We learn from our postmaster that, under a recent arrangement, the morning New York papers will reach here at 9 o'clock P. M. on the day succeeding their publication. We had last night New York papers of Wednesday, Buffalo of Wednesday evening, New Orleans of Monday, Memphis of Wednesday, and St. Louis of yesterday. So much for railroads. The postmaster and his clerks are entitled to credit for furnishing us with our exchanges.

CAMP MEETING.—The camp meeting which is being held at Sellersburg during this week will be continued through Sunday. The Jeffersonville Railroad will continue to run an extra train, leaving Jeffersonville each day at 8 o'clock A. M., and returning at 6 o'clock P. M. On Sunday there will be two trains leaving Jeffersonville, as follows: first, at 7½ o'clock A. M. and the second at 9 o'clock A. M., returning leave camp ground at 3 o'clock P. M. and 5 o'clock P. M.

STEALING LUMBER.—James Brannon, Frank Brannon, and Patrick Rogers were arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing lumber from Mr. Daniel Richards.

☞A girl, aged about 17, who passed under the a sumed name of Ida May, and lived with the notorious character who calls herself Jenny Lind, was arrested by officers Weatherford and Trainer yesterday for stealing clothing from Dr. Pirtle. Ida says she is from Johnson county, Ind., and was enticed from home about six weks ago by a fellow named Jack Oliver, who lives across the river. She lived in Dr. P.'s house as a servant girl. The girl seemed to be penitent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—Mr. Wm. Bingham having resigned the presidency of the Pennsylvania Central in this city, Mr. J. E. Moore, who was in Mr. B.'s house, has been appointed his successor. A refer er more popular road does not cross the Alleghanies. Goods are forward ed with expedition and there is no extra hardelling. Shippers will find Mr. Moore prompt and reliable in his engagements.

☞Adams Express has brought us Cincinnati, St. Louis, and Nashville papers in advance of the mail.

☞The second exhibition of the Salvisa Stock Association will be held at their fair grounds in Mercer county, near Salvisa, commencing on Wednesday, October 5, 1859, and continue three days. The premiums are liberal. On the 4th there will be trotting races. The premiums range from $10 to $75.

☞Henry Winter Davis has been renominated for Congress from his present district in Maryland.

☞Chief Ray arrested last evening Mr. String and a boy named Baker, who had become involved in a difficulty. The boy struck Mr. S. on the head with a hatchet, making two largeholes. We do not know anything of the merits of the difficulty.

☞A distressing rumor prevailed in Philadelphia Monday evening, to the effect that the frigate Congress, Capt. Gallagher, which recently sailed from that port, had gone down with all on board. The rumor, however, is probably a wicked hoax, as it could be traced to no responsible source.

The Congress is a first-class frigate. She sailed from Philadelphia on the 13th of August for Rio Janeiro as the flag ship of the squadron on that station, in place of the St. Lawrence, which arrived home a short time since. The C. was not to touch at any port on her way to Rio, and unless spoken at sea, it must be about two months before she can be heard from.

FIRE IN MEMPHIS.—On Tuesday morning a fire occurred in Memphis, which destroyed the grocery store of James G. Lee & Co., the liquor store of Kaufman & Bro., and the variety store of J. Guignano. Total loss $18,000; insurance $7,000.

☞Mr. John H. Howe adds to his business as painter and glazier the pleasing occupation of cultivating his own vines, and perhaps his fig trees. He has sent us some fine bunches of Catawba grapes, which looked well and tasted delicously.

☞Theodore Parker's experience as a minister, with some account of his early life and education for the ministry, contained in a letter to his Boston congregation, has been published and is for sale by Morton & Griswold. It is dated in April last from the Island of Santa Cruz, whither he had repaired for the health. They have also for sale a sermon by this celebrated divine on the Beauty of the World of Matter, considered as a revelation of God.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.—We learn from a correspondent under the date of Shanghai, June 14th confirming the news received by the steamship Etna, that the English fleet under the command of Admiral Hope had left Shanghai for the Gulf of Peehele, embracing about 17 ships of all classes, from frigates to gun boats, and having on board a strong force to meet any resistance, should it be made, to Hon. Mr. Bruce, the English Minister going up to Pekin according to the provisions of the treaty. The Imperial Commissioners, however, who have had frequent interviews with the American, French, and English Ministers, persist in asserting there will be no opposition, and they are believed to be sincere. The American and French Ministers, it is reported, will soon leave for the same destination. All are said to act in perfect harmony and good feeling.

The Mississippi was sent to Simoda, Japan, to take the Japanese Ambassadore to the United States. Upon reaching Simoda it was found that there was no strong an opposition from one party to the proposed breaking up of all the ancient policy of the empire, that the Ministers thought it expedient to defer the execution of the measure till February, 1860, when it is confidently asserted the Ambassadors will go. In the meantime we hear that there has been a change in the Japanese Ministry; and as the new King is but a boy 15 years old it cannot be predicted what a year may bring forth.

Mr. Harris, the Minister to Japan, is now at Shanghai, but will soon return in the Mississippi, and establish himself at Kanagawa, a few miles east of Jeddo, or in Jeddo itself. Since he has been here, a gold snuff box, a present from the Queen of England, in recognition of his services to the English Embassy in negotiating the English treaty, was formally delivered to him on board the Mississippi by Mr Alcock, the English Consul General for Japan. Mr. Harris, yielding to the necessities of American commerce, has appointed Gen. D ff, of Boston, General at Kanagawa, and Mr. Welsh Consul at Nagasaki. At this port, from 20 to 30 ships are seen lying in the harbor, some of which are American Mr. Harris thinks, as do others, that the trade will be ten times what it is before Japan shall be able to develop her resources and adapt herself to foreign commerce.

It is significant of the future that a mail steamer will soon run monthly between Shanghai and Japan.

There is a report that the Russian Minister has been murdered and murdered in Pekin, but it wants confirmation.

A semi-r shipping list of Nagasaki is published in the Shanghai Herald.

A serious shooting affray occurred at noon on Saturday in front of Charity Hospital, between Doctors S. Choppin and J. Foster, one a visiting surgeon and the other house surgeon at the hospital.

A patient in the hospital was suffering from an aneurism in the left shoulder, which required a very delicate and difficult surgical operation. The patient's wife was anxious that Dr. Choppin should perform the operation, and he agreed to receive the patient in his infirmary on Carondelet street, free of cost, till after the operation should be performed.

Dr. Dufresne, another visiting surgeon, hearing this, requested Dr. Foster, the house surgeon, and his assistant, Dr. Bailly, to put up the patient from the hospital. This request was agreed to, Foster being the rule at the hospital that charity patients cannot leave without permission. So we understand.

At about ten o'clork the patient's wife went to the hospital, but found him if unable to procure her husband's discharge. He, meantime, had dressed and come down to the office to see her. The patient being released by Dr. Choppin, started down street.

In a moment, Dr. Foster came to the office, stepped to the rear, and began looking in a peculiar manner at Dr. Choppin, who stood near his buggy, some six or eight feet from him. As near as the witnesses could remember, the scene which followed was this: Said Choppin looking at Foster, "Looking at me, sir?" Foster replied, "Yes, I am looking at you." "Well, what do you think of me?" "I think you are a d——d scoundrel." They drew their weapons simultaneously, Foster's being a self-cocking five-shooter and Choppin's a derringer.

Foster fired first, wounding Choppin in the left side of the chin, and also directed Choppin's shot with his derringer, and wounded himself in the left hand; at the same time he staggered back some feet; Foster fired a second time, wounding Choppin in the side; the latter snapped his second derringer, fired at Foster and again missed him; Foster fired a third shot with his revolver, and missed; Choppin then drew a bowie knife from his coat pocket and advanced upon Foster, calling upon him to fire again; Foster backed off, keeping Choppin covered with his pistol, and warning him that he would be killed if he came too near. At this juncture, the students and others parted between the combatants and put an end to the affair.

Choppin's wounds, both dangerous wounds, but not necessarily mortal.—*N. O. Crescent, Aug. 29.*

☞The New York Tribune is in receipt of the following:

Last night about half past 1 o'clock a fire broke out in a building adjoining the Steuben county Poor House, occupied by the Orphan Asylum and members of that institution. The building was destroyed and six of its occupants were roasted alive. No one knows what was the origin of the fir, as the keeper had locked the inmates up, as usual, for the night and the building was wrapped in flames near the alarm was given. There was scarcely time to break open the doors and secure the nearest victims from the flame, all of whom were badly burned. The dead are most gold men.

About three o'clock this morning the cordage manufactory of Lawrence, Waterbury, & Co., on Water street, near Bushwick, Brooklyn, was discovered to be on fire, and in a very short time the whole of the extensive buildings were in flames, and entirely destroyed. The origin of the fire department and citizens, were in a few hours entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at fnnn $0,000 to $100,000, on which there is an insurance of about 60 per cent., in offices in New York city.

Fight Among the Indians.—The St. Paul Times learns from a gentleman who arrived in that city on Sunday evening last from Yellow Medicine that a fight occurred among a party of Sioux in that vicinity on Sunday, the 14th inst., during which several shots were fired, and four Indians injured were mortally wounded. From what we could learn, it appears that four Sioux chiefs came from a Frenchman, who keeps a grocery near by, on which they got very drunk. During the state they returned to their camp, and as they approached were met by several others of their tribe on whom, in their drunken rage, they fired, two shots taking effect. The fire was at once returned by their sober comrades upon the drunken Indians, when two of their number fell seriously wounded. Some other outrages were committed by the Frenchmen's followers, of which we did not learn. The sober Indians, after this occurred, went to the Frenchmen's grocery and tore it down, destroying everything they could find about his premises, and, it is said, would have killed him, but that he made his escape.

Alex. Scott, imprisoned for the killing of Wm. Kimball, on the day of the election, was taken out of jail on Saturday upon a writ of *habeas corpus*, and having undergone an examination was committed to hail. The amount was fixed at $2,000, and in default he was re committed.

Glasgow Free Press.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—About two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the smoke house to the rear of the store, and occupied by Jackson & Evans, on Ninth street, extending from Sycamore street to the Miami Canal. The flames speedily spread through the building, in which was a heavy stock of hams, meats and bulk pork.

The damages to building and stock will exceed $30,000.

The building was owned by Evans & Swift, and the damage to it is probably fully covered by insurance in the Firemen's Office.—*Cin. Gaz.*

(Special Dispatch to the Missouri Republican.)

KANSAS CITY, August 31.

One of the papers published in this place today contains information from which it appears that more of the Indian tribes who range along the Arkansas are becoming mischievous.

In the desert beyond the river a train of Mr. Wheeler, from Albuquerque, New Mexico, was stopped by them and half the property in it taken. The Comanches and Arrajohoes did it. They and other tribes are mostly employed at not receiving their customary presents from Government.

25 CASKS Port Wine;
20 casks Madeira Wine;
20 qr casks Sherry do;
10 hhds Claret do;
In store and for sale by
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.,
a29 25 Main street.

J. P. MARSHALL,
Late of Hillsboro, Ohio.
J. A. DICKINSON
of Louisville.

NEW CARPET AND *Housefurnishig St ore.*
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!
79 Fourth street,
BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON

HAVE now open the most complete and best assorted stock that can be found in any establishment in the West, adapted both to Wholesale and Retail buyers, in all grades, styles, and prices of

CARPETING; CURTAINS;
OILCLOTH; SHADES;
RUGS AND MATS; CORNICES;
BOOKS; BANDS;
STAIR RODS; GIMPS;
TABLE OILCLOTHS; TASSELS;

and keep on hand and make to order

Tarpaulins, Flags, Comforts, Sheets, Slips, &c., &c., &c., &c.

and make and fit

Carpets, Curtains, Shades, &c.,

at short notice and in the best manner.

☞Call and examine our stock before making your purchases.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
a29 79 Fourth street.

Grass Seeds! Grass Seeds!! Crop 1859

1,000 BUSHELS pure Timothy Seed;
2,000 bushels Ky. Blue grass do;
2,000 do Ky. Orchard Grass Seed;
1,000 do Red Clover do;
Also, Red Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, &c. &c.
PETER & BUCHANAN,
a31 d&wl Louisville, Ky.

SEED RYE.—100 bushels for sale by
J. D. BONDURANT,
a31 Sixth street, near Main.

RICH GOODS!

JUST received at A. R. MANSFIELD'S, by Express, a choice and well selected stock of Farmering Goods and Ladies' Fixings, which are kept in a first class Ladies' and Gentlemen's furnishing Establishment, to-wit:

Ladies' and Gentlemen's superb Underwear of every description and best quality.
Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery, variety;
Do do Kid Gloves, of a fine;
Do do Linen and Silk Hdkf.
Do do Leather Bags and Valises;
Canes, Umbrellas, Port Monaies, Purses, Pocket Books, Card Cases, Char Cases, Pocket Cutlery, Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, and Shaving Brushes, Perfumery, Pomatum, Hair Oils, Powders, Toilet Soaps, &c., &c.
Call at A. R. MANSFIELD'S,
a31 52 Jan street.

New Books.

THE Cavalier, an historical Novel, by G. P. R. James Price $1.
The child of Waterloo, by G. W. M. Reynolds, complete in one volume. Price 25 cents.
Jack Ingleton's Letters, by Major Jack Downing. 25c
Lord Scratton's Page—an Historical Romance, by G P. R. James. Price $1.
Bride of Lammermoor, by Sir Walter Scott. Price 25c
Rose of Gierstein, by Sir Walter Scott. Price 25c.
The Monastery, by Sir Walter Scott. Price 25c.
15 Volumes of the Cheap Edition of Scott's Novels now ready. Price 50 cents per volume or $5 for the full set of 15 volumes.
For sale by
WELSH & CO.,
a29 Main st., adjoining Louisville Hotel.

1859! FALL STYLES! 1859!
PRATHER & SMITH
455 Main St.,

WILL introduce to the public on Saturday, 27th inst, August 20, 1859, their LOUISVILLE FALL STYLE OF DRESS HATS for 1859, also, New York and Paris styles, and Men's and Boys' new style Soft Hats and Plain and Fancy Caps.

PEARLS.—The most extensive selection of fine Pearl Hats ever offered in the city at
a31 jdh JOHN KITTS & CO'S.

AUCTION SALES.

By C. C. Spencer.

ELEGANT NEW FURNITURE, FINE MATCH HORSES, BUGGY, DE NOS, ME ODE N, MANTILLA AND FANCY DRESS MATTRESSES, AND H. USEKEEPING ARTICLES, AT AUCTION.

THIS MORNING, Friday, September 2, at 10 o'clock, I will be sold, at Auction Rooms, No. 535 Main street, a fine and clean assortment of New and Second-hand Furniture, in which will be found Hall Carpet and French Post Imitation Rosewood Bedstead, with fine hair mats and hair wood Washstands to match; Parlor and balcony Bedsteads, ladies' elegant Workstands, sofas, Divans, Marble top Table, Wardrobes, Extension Tables, new style Secretary and Clocks, Mattresses, and Housekeeping articles.

At 11 o'clock, precisely, one pair Matched Carriage Horses, 4 and 5 years old, 15 hands high, kind, gentle, and will broke to single or double harness, a nearly new Top Buggy and Harness.

After which, several superior Piano Fortes and a Double Reeded Melodeon.

☞This is one line a lot of Furniture as has ever been sold in this market. The Ladies are specially invited to attend the sale. Dealers in Furniture and Families will be able to supply themselves with excellent articles at low prices.

Terms cash.
a31 dtd C. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer.

By S. G. Henry & Co.

Virginia Tobacco, Imported Cigars, Groceries, Liquors, & Wrapp'g Paper, Table & Knife Cutlery & Port Monaies, AT AUCTION.

THIS MORNING, Friday, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at Auction Rooms, 104 Main street,
15 bales Virginia Tobacco;
5,000 Colombian Regalias;
5,000 Salvador do;
Imported and received from New York;
10 12lb cases very fine Gunpowder Tea,
25 boxes Family Soap;
10 do do Castile do Soap,
50 gross Vesta Matches
10 bbls J. Crow Whisky;
2 do old Peach Brandy,
1 do do Apple do
2,0 bundles assorted Wrapping Paper;
25 reams fine Writing do;
At 11 o'clock, precisely, an invoice of Carvers and Forks, Knife Cutlery, Port Monaies, and Notions.
Terms cash.
a2 3td S. G. HENRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

By S. G. Henry & Co.

Second Large Special Cash Sale.

Fall and Winter Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, New York City manufactured Shirts and Drawers, Velvet, English Taperary, and Water Proof Cloaks, Gents' and Ladies' Cloth and Canes, Soft and Soft Hats, Gents' mixed and white Merino Undershirts and Drawers, Port Monaies, and Fine Knife Cutlery.

AT AUCTION,

On Tuesday morning next, Sept 6th, at auction rooms, 104 Main street, we will sell, at 9 o'clock,

THIS sale, owing to the large stock which will be offered, will continue from day to day, if necessary. It will be continued at 9 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞Sale positive and without reserve for cash.

The subscribers would call the special and particular attention of both city and country buyers to this large and valuable assortment, containing a splendid and large line of Gents' and Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, a large line of wool Coadouroys, Cassimeres, plaid and plain Satinetts and Jeans, and a large assortment of other dry goods not on hand at this sale, which they have a very large and desirable stock of, and Winter merchandise which must be sold to pay cash advances.

a2 3td S. G. HENRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

FIRST SPECIAL FALL SALE AT AUCTION.

BY THOS ANDERSON & CO.

On Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, September 6th, 7th, and 8th.

THE attention of country and city merchants is invited to the above sale, which will embrace a large and desirable assortment of Fall goods, which is now arriving, and which occasion will be offered a general assortment of Fall goods, commencing

On Tuesday, Sept. 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M., 300 cases Boots and Shoes, embracing a great variety of Men's, Women's, and Children's wear, to which we call the attention of the trade.

On Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 7th and 8th, a general assortment of Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets, Umbrellas, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Terms cash, and positively no more.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

☞Second special fall sale september 20th, 21st, and 22d. a2 3td

By C. C. Spencer.

Franklin Street Lots at Auction.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 3, at 5 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, Two Lots, 25x100 feet each, back to an alley, situated on the north side of Franklin street, between Shelby and Campbell streets, adjoining Seibert and Hoffman.

☞This property is a portion of the city rapidly improving in value and must soon become immensely valuable. The sale will be wholly without reserve by positive order of the owner.

Terms—Third cash; balance in 6 and 12 years with interest and lien.
a29 3td C. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer.

By C. C. Spencer.

Valuable Ormsby Street Lot at Auction.

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 2, at 5 o'clock, will be positively sold, on the premises, a very valuable and desirable Lot, on the south side of Ormsby street, on the north side of Ormsby street, between Main and the river, and between Eighth and Ninth streets.

For location and terms apply to the city office of the undersigned, or to the auctioneer on the premises.

Terms—Half cash; balance in 6 months with interest.
a31 dtd C. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer.

By Nathan White.

MR. R. H. Robinson will commence his FALL SALES of Ultra Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, and Fancy Goods.

ON THURSDAY, Sept. 1, at 7 o'clock P. M., will be sold without reserve a large line of the celebrated Appleton, Tracy, & Co. American Watches, in Hunt's case; also, English and Detached Levers, in silver cases; Gold Chains, Jewelry of all kinds, Gold Pencils, Gold Pens and Pencil Cutlery, Silver Plated Ware, Stationery, Portmonaies, genuine Cobett's Pocket, Ladies' Wallet Knife, &c., &c., which will be sold and guaranteed as represented. The goods are the latest production, and will be sold at whole sale or retail very low. The ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine the goods.
a30 3td NATHAN WHITE, Auctr.

Fire Insurance!
J. L. DANFORTH

INSURES EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY against Fire, on favorable terms, in the first class Companies:

SPRINGFIELD INSURANCE COMPY OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.....Capital and Surplus.....$500,000
CHARTER OAK INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.....Capital and Surplus.....$500,000
MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.....Capital and Surplus.....$200,000

Risks taken at low cost establi-hed rates and losses promptly adjusted and paid. J. L. DANFORTH, Agent.
Office in Newcomb's Building, corner of Main and Fourth streets.
But street entrance on Fourth street. aug4

ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1836.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Company.
CAPITAL $10,000,000.

$750,000 Deposited in New York.

INSURANCES against Loss by Fire on Buildings and contents. Life Insurance effected on the most favorable terms. Losses paid promptly by the undersigned in cash, the Company not requiring thirty days' notice.

Insurance taken on Residences in any part of this State.

WM. SINTON, agent,
No. 485 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
DR. T. S. BELL, Medical Examiner. jy6 dtf

W. F. BULLOCK.....JONATHAN PEARCE

BULLOCK & PEARCE, General Insurance Agents

Office 435 Main St., over W. H. Stokes' Store.

FIRE, Life, Cargo, and Inland Navigation Risks taken in the following reliable Companies, severally authorized by license from the Auditor of the State to transact business under the laws of this Commonwealth:

METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$370,000
HOPE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$150,000
FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$167,000
NEW WORLD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF N. Y. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$200,000
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$1,200,000
UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF New York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$50,000
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY of N. York. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$300,000
MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Cash Capital and Surplus.....$200,000
PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO. of Providence, R. I. Cash Capital and Surplus.....$270,000

Strict attention given to business and the interests of our customers, and losses promptly adjusted at our office.

BULLOCK & PEARCE,
Louisville, Oct e oma dtaff

Louisville Insurance Company.

OFFICE north side of Main street, between Third and Fourth, over the Store of D. S. BENEDICT.

Chartered capital.....$400,000
Paid in and secured.....$100,000

THE Company being now organized with ample funds to meet promptly all losses that may occur, solicits the patronage of the public.

The usual modes of inland transportation; and also on Buildings, for a short time or permanently.

D. S. BENEDICT, President.
WM. PRATHER, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

D. S. Benedict, Benj. J. Adams, A. A. Gerdon,
Thos. C. Wilson, R. A. Robinson.

Jefferson Insurance Company.

Office on the North side of Main street, over the Bank of Louisville, over the store of Rawson, Cood, & Todd.

Chartered Capital.....$300,000
Paid in and secured.....$125,000

RISKS taken on shipments by Steamboat, by Vessels at Sea, and by the usual modes of inland transportation; also on the Hulls and appurtenances of Steamboats.

JOHN MUIR, President.
WM. MUIR, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

A. Rawson, J. A. McDowell,
Richard Atkinson, John White,
John Cornwall, John M. Robinson,
Ebenezer Durrard, Geo. W. Small.
dtf

IT IS NOT TOO MUCH TO SAY
SINCE ALL,
OLD & YOUNG
AFFIRM ITS TRUTH,
Viz: That Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative

WILL preserve infallibly the growth and color of the hair, if used two or three times a week, to any reasonable age. Perfectly restore the gray, cover the bald with nature's own ornament, the hair, make it smooth and beautiful than any oil, and preserve the scalp free from all disease to the greatest age. Statesmen, Judges, Attorneys, Doctors, Clergymen, Professional men, and Gentlemen and Ladies of all classes all over the world, bear testimony to the truth of our assertion, and will read the following and judge for themselves.

HOBART GROVE, St. Charles Co., Mo. November 19, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we felt it our duty to you and the afflicted to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some pulled it scall head. The hair a most entirely came off in consequence. And a friend, seeing his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative; we did so with little hope of success, but to our surprise and that of our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and as you now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can, therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair.

We are yours, respectfully,
GEO. W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: My hair had, for several years been becoming pr

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

☞The death of the late Dr. Eli Smith left unfinished a translation of the Bible into Arabic. It had been carried as far as the Acts, and will be completed by Dr. Van Dyke, of the Syrian Mission. The Arabic language is spoken by not less than eighty millions of people, scattered throughout Syria, Northern Africa, Arabia, Hindostan, and China, and the barriers against the introduction of the Scriptures among these millions have been so rapidly demolished, that the speedy completion of the undertaking is a subject of much importance.

☞A series of tableaux, under fashionable direction, were given at the Fillmore House, Newport, on Thursday night last. The first piece—Newport in the last century—was historical: Count Rochambeau presented by an American officer to the Quaker belle of Newport. The Louis Quinze dress of Mr. Willing, of Philadelphia, is said to have been truly superb.

☞Several years ago her Catholic Majesty of Spain was represented as near the United States by Calderon de la Barca, an ambassador of finished diplomatic talents and rare scholarship, a politician of taste, and a man of letters, whose growing influence at home, it was whispered, had procured him an honorable exile from a royal to a republican court. He soon became well known here in society, married an American lady, and after serving his country with distinguished ability, was recalled, and placed at the head of a domestic cabinet department. But one of those revolutions, which have become a chronic disease with every Spanish country, very soon displaced him, and forced him out of the realm. He repaired to Paris with a fortune seriously damaged, if not bankrupt. At any rate, his wants soon became urgent, and he wrote home for the pension which, under a certain Spanish law, he was entitled to. Very well, said the home executive, come and get it. The reply was significant, as well as unjust. Of course he could not comply. And so this Spanish grandee, whose dramas have for a long series of years delighted the play-goers of Madrid, and whose accomplishments have attracted the attention of society wherever his varied fortune chanced to throw him, is in Paris, an exile, poor and old—*sans* friends, *sans* name, *sans* everything. Quite a little romance, if it wasn't so confoundedly true.

☞The Charleston papers announce the death of John Blake White, who was near the completion of his seventy-sixth year. The Courier says:—The claims of this aged and worthy citizen to remembrance are too numerous to receive adequate mention at this time. As an artist and man of letters, his name is honorably identified with the earliest and palmiest days of our city, and with the earliest efforts in intellectual and artistic improvement. To his pencil we owe "The Rescue," and the well known "Camp of Marion," with other piece—including the two battle pieces of Eutaw and New Orleans, which now adorn the Senate Chamber in Columbia, and were presented to that State by their patriotic author. Another piece was presented to President Jackson—with these exceptions, the proceeds of Mr. White's pencil remain in his possession. He was early addicted to the muses, and was, we believe, the first native of this city who furnished a play for the Charleston Theatre. His wrote in all three plays, which were produced on that stage in the flourishing days of the "Old Theatre." He was also an active and ever acceptable contributor to the lectures, essays, &c., of the "Literary and Philosophic Society;" and, in the course of an essay on capital punishment, before that society, introduced that graphic sketch of an execution, which was selected to represent his power of authorship in the "Charleston Book."

☞Almost daily sums new heartrending and sickening account of the results of the late war reaches us in the records of the wounded and slain. A late letter from Bizerta, describing scenes in Italy after the war, says that over two thousand limbs have been amputated. In many cases both the lower limbs have been removed by the surgeons, and it gives an account of one poor fellow, a Frenchman, who has been virtually deprived of *all four limbs*—both feet, one arm entire, and the hand of the other. If the relation of such things makes us shudder, what must be the horrors of the spectacle when brought immediately before the eye.

☞Lately an English lawyer succeeded in proving his innocence of a crime of which he had been sent to the penal settlement, publicly whipped, and kept for some time in chains. He spent $50,000 in litigation in proving himself the victim of a foul conspiracy, and has been awarded by Parliament $25,000 as a settlement of the matter. Rather tardy and cruel justice.

THE ALBANY BOARDIST. — A short time since a mechanic of Albany abandoned his family and absconded with some funds belonging to a society of which he was secretary, his departure having been hastened by the appearance of a woman just from Scotland, who claimed him as her husband. The Statesman gives the following additional particulars:

Although the name of this man is not given, we presume it is the same case of bigamy we have heard of, in which the name of the man is Robert Allen, and he has been employed at the Eagle Air Furnace as a moulder. He resided in Morton street. It appears that little over a year ago Glen married a woman here who was made aware of his already having a wife in Scotland, whom he left there some eight years since, but with whom he, as also his mother, who resided here, has kept up a correspondence. A short time since, for some reason the mother of Glen wrote the first wife, inducing her to come over here; and, perhaps, informed her that her husband had again married.

The wife, who had an excellent situation—that of housekeeper for a gentleman, and which she had held ever since her husband had left her, eight years—we said come over. On her arrival in this country she called her husband, and then came on to this city. In the meantime the husband decamped, and the second wife threatened to shoot the first wife if she made her appearance at the house of the husband. The neighbors, however, interfered, and the second wife was induced to permit the first wife to enter the house, and the two have been living together for some time or two. But the first wife has announced her determination to return to Scotland, resume her situation as housekeeper, and let her faithless husband and his unprincipled wife live in sweet peace and such domestic bliss as they can enjoy. There is but one child, a boy about twelve years old, and whom the first wife will keep with her.

THE KNOWING ONES SOLD.—Matthew Hale Smith, correspondent of the Boston Journal, relates the following New York incident:

A little incident took place in New York a short time since that I will put in this place. We have a noted gentleman in New York, whom I will call T. He is a member of one of the New York clubs. Opposite to him was another person, who on evening sported an elegant diamond ring. This excited T. He wanted it, but the owner seemed to care little to part with it. Tickling at last to the importunity of T., the ring was sold for the sum of $600. It passed to T. amid the titterings and repressed mirth of the crowd, which did not escape the quick ear of T. He knew that both the ring and the purchaser were sold. It was to no purpose, the next day he called upon a jeweler, and found that the ring was paste, and was worth about $25. He called for some real diamonds, and among them found one set of equal brilliancy. He got it in 1861 for a bargain with the jeweler for the use of the real diamond. He pledged $1,200, the price of the diamond. He gave $400 for its use for a time. He had the paste ring, and the setting, and with the real diamond put on its stead. Thus armed, he appeared among his associates at night, flourished his ring, and seemed to be in high glee, to the astonishment of his chums, who believed he had been sold.

But the advantage was with T. He talked about "fool and his money," &c.—said that, if any gentleman present had a $1200 ring that he wished to sell for $600, T. knew where a purchaser could be found. Bets were freely proposed that the diamond was not real. They were accepted. One man bet $1,600; another $1,200; one bet $900 each; and all were taken by T. Umpires were chosen, the money and the ring put into their hands, the test applied, and all said the stone was a diamond of the first water, and was worth not less than $1200. T. quietly put the $3000 in his pocket and went his way. He carried the diamond back, recalled his $1200 paid for the use of the stone, and, with the paste ring in his hand, went back to the Club at night. The man who had sold the ring was at the Club, waiting, for he wanted to regain the ring. He had sold it for fun. He knew all the time it was a real diamond. He never had any false jewels. He could tell a real diamond at any time, by its peculiar light. He would not do so mean a thing as to cheat his old, dear friend T. And he knew that T. would let him have the ring back. But T. was stubborn; said that the seller was a cheat, and now, that he saw the value of the ring, wouldn't undo what he had done. At length, T. agreed to restore the ring on the payment of $4000, which was *joyfully* paid. But the matter came out, and all parties came to the conclusion that when "diamond is to cut diamond" some more pliable, and one less sharp than T., will be selected for the operation. BULEIGH.

FASHIONS FOR SEPTEMBER.—The modistes seem determined to make every style fashionable, so that the casque and basque are worn as well as pointed and round bodies.

The round-waisted dresses (ravived novelties) seem to threaten us as leading on to the short reach quite to the hips, and only appear short by the suppression of the basque, but little by little the waists will be shortened, on the same proportion as they have been lengthened.

Skirts retain all their fullness, and most dresses are made with bands; full bodies for light dresses, many of them with open bodies, trimmed round with rails ruches; high and pointed bodies are worn for dresses of silk or other thick material.

Sleeves are still worn very full and open; tight sleeves are worn for morning dresses, and small bishop sleeves, with a turned-back cuff, are still in favor. Low bodies are much in request, with cameens either of figured net or satin, fastened under the band, and trimmed across the shoulders with a frill of bouillocé.

The Zouave jacket, in all materials, is in universal favor.

The negligee, the long casaque, with skirt of the same material, is much worn, either in quilting, chintz, jaconet, steel colored barege, and printed muslin; the casaque trimmed with flat plaiting.

Simple dresses made with four flounces, trimmed with ribbon of the same color, are much worn; ribbons of different colors are abandoned. High bodied barege dresses, made either with a gilet in front, and pointed behind, or rounded at the waist, with a sash, the bow in front, are fashionable.

Mantles are going out of favor; shawls of cashmere, lace, silk, muslin, or crape are now the fashion. These are trimmed with two rows of lace, or with gimp, fringe, and jet buttons.

For the country round hats are adopted. They are made of Leghorn, bound with blue or black velvet, and trimmed with feathers or bows of velvet, ornamented occasionally on the front with a bouquet of flowers, on which is placed a humming bird, stag beetle, or a grasshopper.

We have seen some pretty rice straw hats, trimmed with white, mauve, or cerise; feathers or flowers to match; and scarf round face, fastening a bouquet of fancy grass, or a single feather and Empress roses; black and white trimming is still preferred in.

There is little change in bonnets; light fancy straws, crape, and Leghorn are worn; these are trimmed with a simple ribbon or flowers and lace, the inside to match; any becoming color may be worn.

The Beggar's Wish. — Although this world is a theory waste," it seems some good men are not in any hurry to leave it. The Rev. John Skinner, of Lambert, Longside, while passing along a path in the village, was met by an old woman who was in the habit of begging. As was her practice, she made a great solicitation for a half-penny. Upon receiving his pocket, Mr. Skinner discovered that it had not a half-penny, but was possessed of a sixpence piece, which he handed to the woman. It is not being double what she expected, so she had her gratitude that she exclaimed: "Lord bless your sir, and may a' that's gude attend your house family, and for yourself! God ant that ye may win 'to the kingdom o' heaven this verra night!" "Many thanks to you, Janet, for your good wishes," said Mr Skinner: "but ye needna have been so very particular about the *time*!"

A RELIGIOUS CEREMONY IN ROME.—A letter from Rome, in the Union, says:

I have recently witnessed the celebration of a religious festival which the Romans always observe with peculiar favor. I allude to the feast of St. Peter in Vinculis, dating which the chains that tethered St. Peter in his dungeon in Jerusalem and Rome are exposed for a week to the veneration of the faithful. It is not known that, by divine permission and in order to remove the doubts which had arisen in certain minds, the two chains, used to bind St. Peter at Jerusalem and Rome, clung together when brought into contact, and became so closely joined that it is now impossible to tell where one ends and the other begins. These chains are preserved in the Church of St. Peter in Vincula, in the Esquiline Hill, where the Empress Eudoxia, wife of Valentine III., Emperor of the West, in 439, presented to Pope Leo the chain with which Peter was bound by Herod's command in the person of Agrippa. This chain had herself received it as a gift from Juvenal, the patriarch of that city. The church was rebuilt in the 16th century, and modified in the 17th; it contains the magnificent statue of Moses by Angelo, and many superficial fresh paintings by Guerchino, Domenichino, Guido, and Giulio Romano. During the week the church was crowded with people all the more anxious to kiss the chains and relics of the apostle, the Prince of the Apostles, as these venerable relics are only exposed at this festival and cannot be seen at another time without an express permission from the Pope. The Holy Father, attended by several prelates attached to his household, came to the church to join in the prayers of the faithful and venerate these precious chains, which bound the first pastor of the Church, whose seat he fills.

BOYDELL'S TRACTION ENGINE.—During the last two days the capabilities of this admirable road locomotive have been publicly tested in Hyde Park in the presence of the public and a train of wagons being dispatched to Bombay, in accordance with the wish of the Secretary of State for India. The engine, though less compact than that known as Hiray's patent, is nevertheless as handsome a machine, perfectly under control even for the sharpest turnings of ordinary streets, and easy both in ascent and de cent of steep inclines. Both patents are fitted with the peculiar arrangement for the driving wheel which forms an endless tramway. In the engine of Boydell exhibited yesterday, and the days previous, this endless rail acted with the most perfect satisfaction, in spite heavily cut which has been before stated, that the engine could not only travel over the worst roads, but that the roadway itself is actually improved by the equal and broad compression of the rails. The remarkable facility of turning her power, the boilers held steam for an indefinite of more than double their amount, and the engine can with ease draw from one to twenty-two along the ordinary turnpike roads at the rate of four miles per hour. Attached to the machine yesterday were five powerful wagons specially made for the purpose by Crosbill, and it was by the simple working a pin or pivot from between the two leading wheels that we enabled to follow every turn of the engine with a serpent-like movement which gives the utmost possible facility for passing other vehicles.

Yesterday more than once the whole train turned in less than half its length, and that, too, in passing over grass and uneven ground. The indentation made by the wheels was scarcely visible, and not by more than would have been made by an ordinary coal wagon. After two o'clock 100 soldiers of the guards were in attendance, and rode in the wagons, and with the load the engine was taken easily across the level parts of the Park at the rate of six miles an hour. The result of the trials were in the highest degree satisfactory, and as no to leave no doubt whatever that there are no rough roads if India the engines will be of the utmost service in facilitating the transmission of merchandise. For military purposes, such as getting up guns and siege stores, an engine of the kind would prove an invaluable auxiliary. Two have been ordered for the Pasha of Egypt for the purpose of traversing the deserts with caravans, and before long doubtless many more will be sent to India.

A USEFUL TABLE.—Counting plants one foot apart each way, we shall have 43,560 upon an acre, because that number of square feet are contained in it. Take the figure in the first column of the following table as the distance apart, and an acre will contain the number of plants in the second column:

1	feet.....43,560	12 feet.....302	
2	feet.....10,890	18 feet.....134	
2½	feet.....6,960	18 feet.....134	
3	feet.....4,380	20 feet.....108	
3½	feet.....3,335	23 feet.....90	
4	feet.....2,722	25 feet.....67	
5	feet.....1,742	30 feet.....48	
6	feet.....1,210	35 feet.....35	
8	feet.....680	40 feet.....27	
10	feet.....435	45 feet.....21	

A Queer Story.—The Utica Herald tells of a singular occurrence that took place on board a Central railroad train in that city last Thursday night. The estate of Jerusha Farrington, deceased, received as a gift from Juvenal, the patriarch of that city. The church was rebuilt in the 16th century, and modified in the 17th; it contains the magnificent statue of Moses by Angelo, and many superficial fresh paintings by Guerchino, Domenichino, Guido, and Giulio Romano. During the week the church was crowded with people all the more anxious to kiss the chains and relics of the apostle, the Prince of the Apostles, as these venerable relics are only exposed at this festival and cannot be seen at another time without an express permission from the Pope. The Holy Father, attended by several prelates attached to his household, came to the church to join in the prayers of the faithful and venerate these precious chains, which bound the first pastor of the Church, whose seat he fills.

Burning at the Stake and Imprisonments since 1481. From 1481 to 1498 the number of persons condemned to prison was 87,071. From 1498 to 1507 there were 2,598 burned alive and 32,952 imprisoned. From 1507 to 1517 there were 3,564 burned at the stake and 49,959 condemned to prison. From 1517 to 1521 there were 1,052 burned alive 1,629; imprisoned 5,000. From 1521 to 1538 there were burned alive was 2,574; condemned to prison 15,731. From 1538 to 1546 there were burned alive 1,765; imprisoned 13,210. From 1546 to 1781 there suffered in the flames 5,987 souls, and 29,600 were condemned to prison. From 1621 to 1665 the number burned at the stake were 646. From 1700 to 1746 there were burned alive 1,040 souls, and 9,120 imprisoned.

According to the American Railroad Guide, the first locomotives in the United States were imported from England in the fall of 1829 or spring of 1830. The first Stephenson locomotive ever imported was the Robert Fulton, in 1831, for the Mohawk and Hudson Railroad. The first locomotive built in this country was constructed at the West Point Foundery in 1830 for the South Carolina Railroad; the second engine built for the same road at the same place; the third was built by the same establishment in the spring of 1831, and was the first locomotive ever run in the State of New York. David Matthew, who first saw the engine, is still living in Philadelphia.

The bandsomes: dining room floor in the United States has recently been laid at the ladies' ordinary at the American House, Boston. It is an inlaid mosaic floor, composed of 5000 pieces of wood of different growth—mahogany, rose wood, black walnut, and white oak, artistically arranged in magnificent figures.

A Comparison.—Comets, doubtless, answer some wise and good purpose in the creation; so do women. Comets are incomprehensible, beautiful, and eccentric; so are women. Comets are followed with peculiar splendor, but at night appear most brilliant; so do women. Comets confound the most learned, when they attempt to ascertain their nature; so do women. Comets equally excite the admiration of the philosopher and of the clod of the valley; so do women. Comets and women, therefore, are a closely analogous, but the stamp of which being incertainable, all that remains for mato do is, to view with admiration the one, and, almost with adoration, love the other.

Synactl.

Oriental Garnet and Pearl Sets.

CARBUNCLE AND PEARL in Frosted and Bronze Settings of the latest and most elegant designs at

Main st., between Fourth and Fifth. jan

SILVERWARE.

H. FLETCHER.....C. P. BENNETT.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

663 Main street.

WE respectfully invite attention to our large and well selected stock of SILVERWARE, consisting of Spoons, Forks, Ladles, Pitchers, Tureens, Tubulers, and Fancy Silverware of every description, warranted of standard fineness and the best workmanship.

☞An examination of our style and prices is solicited.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

20 jd&dw 663 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

New Books.

SPARKS from a Locomotive. By the author of "Belle Brittan." $1.

The Good News of God. Sermons by Rev. Chas. Kingsley. 75c.

Shelley Memorials. By Lady Shelley. 75c.

Idyls of the King. By Tennyson. 75c.

The Young Housekeeper's Friend. By Mrs. Cornelius. 75c.

The Convalescent. By N. P. Willis. $1 25.

The Memoirs of Vidocq, Chief of French Police. $1 25.

Tempter. A Novel. By Miss Marryat. $1.

Mems and Gaston's Dismissed Also. Gill. $1 50.

Hymns of the Ages. Tinted paper. $1.

Just received at 84 Fourth street.

a20 jdcb F. A. CRUMP.

CITY ORDINANCES, &C.

Election of Councilman, First Ward

An Election will be held by the qualified voters of the First Ward, on Saturday, September 3d, 1859, for one person as Councilman, to fill the unexpired term of Isaac H. Butler, resigned. The place of voting will be at the Lafayette Engine House. The following persons have been appointed to conduct the same. Judges—W. S. Davis, and John W. Craig. Sheriff—G. H. Rice. Clerk—Jack Hawes.

The polls will be opened at 7 o'clock, A. M., and closed at 6 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

T. H. CRAWFORD, MAYOR.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Aug. 29, 1859. a30 dtd

Notice to Cistern Diggers.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned to 12 o'clock M., Friday, September 2d, 1859, to execute the following work:

To dig and wall a cistern at the intersection of Cedar and Main streets, of 600 barrel capacity:

To dig and wall a cistern at the Engine House in Portland, of 500 barrel capacity;

To dig and wall the following cisterns of 100 barrel capacity at the places designated and under the direction of the City Engineer:

At the intersection of Main and Jackson streets;

At the intersection of Main and Preston streets;

At the intersection of Market and Eleventh streets;

At the intersection of Jefferson and Hancock streets;

At the intersection of Jefferson and Jackson streets;

At the intersection of Jefferson and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Jefferson and Third streets;

At the intersection of Green and Preston streets;

At the intersection of Green and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Green and Brook streets;

At the intersection of Green and Third streets;

At the intersection of Green and Fourth streets;

At the intersection of Green and Fifth streets;

At the intersection of Green and Sixth streets;

At the intersection of Green and Seventh streets;

At the intersection of Green and Eighth streets;

At the intersection of Green and Ninth streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and East streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and Second streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and Third streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and Fourth streets;

At the intersection of Walnut and Sixth streets;

At the intersection of Chestnut and Preston streets;

At the intersection of Chestnut and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Chestnut and Brook streets;

At the intersection of Chestnut and Sixth streets;

At the intersection of Gray and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Gray and Brook streets;

At the intersection of Gray and First streets;

At the intersection of Broadway and Preston streets;

At the intersection of Broadway and Floyd streets;

At the intersection of Broadway and Brook streets;

At the intersection of Broadway and Second streets;

At the intersection of Water and Third street;

At the intersection of Water and Fourth streets;

At the intersection of Water and Fifth street;

At the intersection of Water and Sixth streets;

At the intersection of Water and Seventh streets;

At the intersection of Water and Eighth streets;

At the intersection of Fourth and Curran streets.

Usual security required.

T. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Aug. 25, 1859—a26 d&d

Repaving an Recurbing Sidewalks.

The owners of lots and parts of lots designated below are hereby informed that ordinances have been passed by the General Council, approved and published, requiring the repaving and recurbing of the sidewalks in front of their respective lots, and they have the same properly done within thirty days from the date hereof (the work to be done under a contract at the expense of said lot owners, as provided for in the 34 section in the 5th Sald work, when executed, to be received by the City Engineer, and if not done in every respect in accordance with the ordinance regulating sidewalks having to be repaved at the expense of the property owners.

To record and repave the sidewalks on the north side of Main, between Brock and Floyd.

Lewes Janus, Executors	52½
Murray Dr. J. L.	27½
Murray Dr. J. L.	25
Elliot Wm.	40½
Elliott Rob't J	21 11-12
Preston Wm.	22½
Johnson Harriet A.	22½
Tyler Mary	46 2-12
Tyler Robert, heirs	105
Adams Dr. W	45
Hall Benjamin	23½
Ball Timothy	26½
Martin Wm. A	26½
Martin Wm. A	26½
Woodruff J., heirs	53
Dickson Moses	140
North Fountain	17½
Geiger Jacob	17½
Irwin John & W	54
Small Geo. W.	17½
Hite Wm. C.	16½
Woodruff J., heirs	35
Whitman J. B.	2 3½
Jones Flora	26½
Jones Flora	52½
Preston Wm.	35
Geiger Jacob	26½
Elliott Wm.	52½
Priest R'ch'd	26½
Priest R'ch'd	26½
Schwoden Frank, J. B. Bowles, ag't	26½
Johnston Henrietta P.	52½
Kramer Moses	26½
Forman Ezekiel, J. L. Brown, guard	84 7-12
Craig Indson, estate	130

To record and repave the sidewalks on the south side of Main, between Floyd and Preston:

Wickler Philip	49 10-12
Pries Dr. Matt	49½
Grossman F.	21
Brockenbrough A	21
Budd James	25
Young Geo	100
Bune L. N.	25
Trainor John	45
Ruble & Baker	50
Horner J. H., trustee Goodwin's devisees	21
Riddle Mary L.	26½
Churchill Selena's est.	26½
Franklin Insurance Co.	50

To repave and recurb the sidewalk on the north side of Main, between Preston and Jackson:

Bland Dr. W.	122½
Ball Nimrod	22½
Ferguson Mathew's est.	30
Gray P. R.	37
Hamilton J. R.	45
Dorsey Lydia	37½
Soll J. B.	60
Brierly Edward	40
Eagle Daniel	40
Cooks George & Co.	40

To repave and recurb the sidewalk on the south side of Main, between Preston and Jackson:

Bradley Clark	26½
Burks James	50
Carrington Isaac	29 4-12
Craycraft H. J.	22½
Forman Sally F.	50
McDowell Eliz. P.	20
McDowell Jas.	26½
McDowell M. C.	26½
Shallcross John	57½
Goss Zach	52½
McBride	157½

Usual security required.

T. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Aug. 25, 1859. a26 d10

Notice to Street Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned to 12 o'clock M., Friday, September 2, 1859, to execute the following work:

To grade and pave Magazine street, from the west line of Eleventh street to the east line of Twelfth street.

To grade and pava with bowlder stones, and curb College street, from First street to Second street.

To grade and pave Hancock street, from the south line of Laurel street, to the south line of Lampton street.

To grade and pave Hancock street, from the north line of Lampton street to the southern taxable line of the city.

To complete the Seventeenth street sewer from the south side of Bank street to the south side of Main street, in accordance with specifications furnished by the City Engineer. Usual security required.

T. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, August 25, 1859.—2t dtd

Notice to Sidewalk Pavers.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned to 12 o'clock M. on Friday, Sept. 2d, 1859, to execute the following work, viz:

To recurb and repave the sidewalks on both sides of Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh streets.

Usual security required.

T. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Aug. 29, 1859.—a26 did

1859. OUR 1859.

SECOND

Fall Importation!

CONSISTING OF RICH AND MEDIUM DRESS GOODS, new styles of Fall silks, embracing every novelty, and offered in the market.

MEDIUM DRESS GOODS.

Real Irish Poplins, Poplinets and Valencias, plain, plaid, and striped; Robe Delaines and Delaine in patterns and by the yard, including the richest colors and choicest styles in market; French and English Merinoes, with every other article to be found in the first class Dress Goods trade.

DURKEE, HEATH, & CO.,

107 FOURTH STREET,

a26 d4w Between Market and Jefferson.

Ladies' Furnishing Store.

IN addition to our stock of Fancy Goods, we have added a very full assortment of Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Silk Ties, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Veils, Coiffures, Combs, Bonnets, Perfumery, Purses and Portmonnaies, Fans, Breast Head-dresses—everything useful and necessary for a lady's toilet may be found in our extensive stock. We invite the ladies particularly to call and examine for themselves.

ARNOLD & MILLER, 106 Fourth st.

a27

FRENCH WHITE ZINC!

VIELLE MONTAGNE COMPANY,

OF PARIS.

WE ARE RECEIVING REGULAR SHIPMENTS OF this well known and approved French Zinc. No. 1 and Snow White, dry in bbls of 250 pounds each; also in assorted kegs, ground in bleached and prepared Linseed Oil, in dry and in oil, ground and superfine and are prepared to supply dealers and consumers at the lowest scale of prices.

LINDENBERGER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

a25 d&w Louisville, Ky.

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON,

DEALERS IN

Wines and Liquors,

No. 28 WALL STREET.

HAVE on hand for sale—

WINES.

Champagne, Catawba, and Claret;

Port, Sherry, and Madeira.

BRANDIES.

Cognac, Rochelle, and Domestic.

WHISKIES.

Bourbon, Rye, Scotch, and Irish.

SUNDRIES.

Peach and Apple Brandy, Rum, Gin, Bitters, Cordials, Cigars, Tobacco, and Cards; Madeira Ale, Scotch Ale, London Porter, Demijohns, Jugs, and Kegs. a.6

COFFEE.—20 bags Rio;

60 do Laguayra;

50 do Java; for sale by

CASTLEMAN & TORBITT.

a30

TOBACCO.—50 boxes W. H. Edwards;

30 do Cavin;

30 do Crescent;

150 do Mo. and Ky. Rolls, No's. and 8's;

50 drums Fig.

50 boxes Lump in foil; for sale by

CASTLEMAN & TORBITT.

a30

PLOW MATERIALS.—of all kinds—suitable for making the Brinly Steel Plow, &c., for sale low by

W. B. BELKNAP & CO.

a29

1,500 BOXES Tin Plate, assorted, best Charcoal brands, in store and for sale by

W. B. BELKNAP & CO.

a29

EDUCATIONAL.

GRACE CHURCH FEMALE SCHOOL.

MISSES SMITH, Principals. | REV. MR. BUSHNELL, Rector.

THE FIFTH SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 5th day of September, 1859.

The Misses Smith, having removed to Dr. Breck's, adjoining Grace Church, have made arrangements in conjunction with Mrs. Green to receive a limited number of young ladies as boarders.

The residence of Dr. Green is on the same premises with the school room.

For terms apply to them at Dr. Green's, Gray street, adjoining Grace Church, east side.

N. B. A special Omnibus will be in attendance every day to carry Young Ladies from a distant part of the city home. aug16 dt8sept

LOUISVILLE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CONDUCTED BY MR. AND MRS. PERINO,

402 Walnut street, between Second and Third streets.

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THIS INstitution will commence on Monday, Sept. 5th.

TERMS.

Per Session of Twenty Weeks, Payable Quarterly in Advance.

Tuition in the English branches, with board, including washing, fuel, lights, &c.	$100
Tuition in English studies, without boarding	30
Preparatory Department	12
Ancient and Modern Languages, each	10
Instrumental Music	24
Lessons in Oil Painting on Saturdays only	20
Lessons to those not members of the Institute	20
Drawing taught without extra charge.	
No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted Illness.	

PRESBYTERIAN FEMALE SCHOOL,

OF LOUISVILLE.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

A. A. Gordon, Chm'n	Curran Pope.
L. L. Weaver, Treas.	H. H. Avery.
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FACULTY.

S. R. BARTON, A. M., Principal.

Rev. F. SENOUR, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages and Engl sh Literature.

M. F. B. HUGUENEY, Teacher in the Collegiate Department.

Miss J. E. BRIGE, Teacher in the Preparatory Department.

Mrs. S. B. BARTON, Teacher in the Primary Department.

Mons. TOUVILLE, Professor of French Language.

H. C. S. WHIPPLE, Teacher of Drawing, Painting, and Vocal Music.

THE FIRST SESSION of the ensuing Collegiate Year will commence on Monday, September 5, 1859, the second Session, January 30, 1860.

PRINCIPAL TUITION.

Primary Department, per session of twenty weeks	$15 00
Preparatory	26 00
Collegiate	37 50

EXTRA CHARGES.

Modern Language, each, per session of 20 weeks	$10
Drawing	10
Painting in water colors	15
Use of Piano	10

The Tuition Fees are to be paid in advance—one half at the beginning and one half at the middle of each session.

The School Building, which is large, conveniently arranged, and well ventilated, is situated on Sixth, between Walnut and Chestnut streets, on elevated grounds sufficiently extensive to afford the pupils ample space for recreation.

A. A. GORDON,

a31 dtSept1 Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY,

HARRODSBURG, KY.

Collegiate and Academic Departments.

ROBERT MILLIGAN, A. M., President, and Professor of Biblical Literature and Moral Science.

ROBERT GRAHAM, A. M., Vice President, and Professor of Physical Science.

BENJAMIN L. D. AYRES, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.

JOHN H. NEVILLE, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages.

ROBERT GRAHAM, A. M., Professor of Belles Lettres, History, and Political Science.

WILLIAM H. PEIRCE, B., Principal of Taylor Academy.

JOSEPH B. MYERS, Tutor, of Taylor Academy.

Vocal and Instrumental Music, and the Modern Languages will be taught by competent Instructors.

THE Session of Kentucky University will commence Sept 19, 1859, and terminate June 28, 1860. Students should be in attendance a few days before the 19th, to secure boarding, and to be ready to matriculate with promptness the first day of the session.

EXPENSES.

Tuition per session, if paid in advance.....$50 00

Janitor's fee per session in advance..... 1 00

Every Student in the Collegiate Department will also pay, before matriculation, the sum of $5 00, which fee is not required of Students in the Academic Department.

Board boarding, including fuel, lights, washing, &c., can be procured at about three dollars per week.

Industrial and manual labor will be open to those who desire to qualify themselves for the profession of teaching or for the duties of the Christian ministry, and admitted free of tuition.

The basis of the Institute requires that every Student, under age shall, on his arrival at the University, put over to the Rector, John W. Lander, or Mr. Perino, all money or drafts for money which may have been committed to him for the payment of his tuition, board, books, and other necessary expenses; and the same is again committed to him at all remittances received by him at any time during the session.

For further information, address the Faculty.

all dlmd&w2

SCHOOL.

MISS MARY E. PEASE, a graduate of the Hilton Head school, Massachusetts, will open a school for young ladies and boys on the 5th day of September, in the school building on Green street, between Floyd and Preston, latterly kept by Miss Godkin, on the north side of Walnut st., between Eighth and Ninth.

For terms, &c., apply to

aug31 d1sept A. P. CRICHEAN.

MADISON FEMALE SCHOOL,

RICHMOND, KY.

THE second Session of this School will begin on the second Monday in September next. Forty-five weeks constitute a session, which may be had upon application to A. L. Shotwell, Louisville; Hopewell, Jeffersonville; Hendrickson, Lawrenceburg; or the undersigned, Richmond.

SAM. G. MULLINS,

a4 dtw4Sept Principal.

FOREST ACADEMY,

A SCHOOL FOR BOYS, by R. H. McCOWN, located on Floyd's Fork, in the county of Jefferson, near Worthington's station. The next session will begin the 5th of September, and continue forty-five weeks. The number of pupils will be limited to such as I can well and thoroughly teach, and to such as I will thoroughly and attentively teach, a thing properly attained by parental authority. Terms.—Boarding $8 and tuition $1 per week. Tuition will be charged only for the days a pupil is present.

R. H. McCOWN.

O'Bannon's Postoffice, Jefferson Co. jy26 d4wSept

MISCELLANEOUS.

DOORS, SASH, LINDS, BOXES, LUMBER, & SHINGLES.

I HAVE ON HAND A LARGE LOT of

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, BOXES, &c.,

AT MY

Warerooms,

On First st., between Main street and the River, and am prepared to execute all orders for WOOD WORK necessary for the finishing of FRAME or BRICK HOUSES of every description, as heretofore.

Special attention is invited to the large stock of

WELL SEASONED

PINE LUMBER & SHINGLES

IN MY YARD ON

Walnut street,

BETWEEN EAST AND FLOYD.

☞Bills of Prices will be furnished on application.

☞ORDERS SOLICITED.

jel6 dtm J. N. BREEDEN.

Brandy and Champagne in Bond.

18 1-4 CASKS assorted French Brandies:

12 baskets Imperial Cabinet Champagne;

In bond and for sale by

A. L. SHOTWELL & SON,

s6 dtf Wall street

JUST received per American Express a large variety of which will be sold very cheap.

The Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine them at

D. A. SWEARS,

66 FOURTH STREET,

jel1 daf Opposite the National Hotel.

CHINA STORE.

PROBABLY the handsomest and most complete stock of China, Glass, and Queensware ever offered in Louisville, wholesale or retail. Lanterns, Water Coolers, Toilet Sets, and Earthen Tubs to be found in the city, can now be seen at No. 412 Main street.

Dealers and consumers are invited to call and examine.

W. H. CRUMBAUGH.

1859. 1859.

Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence.

AMERICAN STEAMBOAT CO.

WILL on the 1st of May commence run their favorite steamers between Lewiston (Niagara River) and Montreal, touching at all the different points on the St. Lawrence River.

Through tickets can be purchased at the office of the Louisville and Cincinnati L. & M. Mail Line and at the different Railroad offices in Louisville.

JUST RECEIVED

1,000 PIECES Printed Handkerchiefs at 5 cents;

500 " " " 6¼ cents;

1,000 do Bleached Muslin Hoods at 10 cents;

1,000 do Printed Calico at 10 cents;

4,000 yards Flounce at 15 cents;

1,000 do Jaconet at 15 cents;

1,000 do Muslin do 18 do;

Just received by CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS,

a23 dtf 98 Fourth street.

SADDLERY.

BUY YOUR SADDLES AND FRIDLES

BUY YOUR COACH AND BUGGY HARNESS,

BUY YOUR ROUGH HARNESS,

BUY YOUR WAGON HARNESS,

BUY YOUR TRUNKS,

BUY YOUR SADDLERY at

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ap20 No. 61